### SENATE BILL No. 487

#### DIGEST OF INTRODUCED BILL

**Citations Affected:** IC 15-12-1; IC 23-1; IC 23-2-2.5-45; IC 23-4-1; IC 23-5-1-11; IC 23-15-6; IC 23-16; IC 23-17; IC 23-18.

Synopsis: Business and other associations. Makes changes to business and other association laws concerning the following: (1) Filing fees for agricultural cooperative associations. (2) Requirements regarding filings and fees for certain filings with the office of the secretary of state. (3) Delivering of documents by the office of the secretary of state. (4) Meetings of shareholders of corporations, including notice requirements. (5) Merger of a parent corporation with a wholly owned subsidiary of the parent corporation. (6) Administrative dissolutions. (7) Reporting requirements. (8) Correcting documents filed with the office of the secretary of state. Repeals provisions concerning the registration of the name of a foreign corporation, foreign limited liability partnership, foreign limited partnership, foreign nonprofit corporation, or foreign limited liability company. Makes a technical correction.

Effective: July 1, 2015.

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 $\ \, \text{January 14, 2015, read first time and referred to Committee on Commerce \& Technology}. \\$ 



#### First Regular Session 119th General Assembly (2015)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2014 Regular Session and 2014 Second Regular Technical Session of the General Assembly.

# **SENATE BILL No. 487**

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning business and other associations.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

SECTION 1. IC 15-12-1-48, AS ADDED BY P.L.106-	2008,
SECTION 48, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFEC	TIVE
JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 48. (a) The secretary of state shall charg	e and
collect for the benefit of the state the following fees:	
(1) For filing with the secretary of state the article	es of
incorporation of an association organized or a corpor	ration
reorganized under this chapter, providing for the issuan	<del>ce</del> of
membership certificates only and not for certificates of stock	<del>t,</del> five
dollars (\$5).	
(2) For filing with the secretary of state articles of incorpor	ation
of an association organized or a corporation reorganized	<del>under</del>
this chapter providing for the issuance of capital stoc	k not
exceeding five thousand dollars (\$5,000) of par value, five d	<del>ollars</del>
(\$5). If the capital stock authorized to be issued by the assoc	iation
exceeds five thousand dollars (\$5,000), one cent (\$0.01) for	each
one hundred dollars (\$100) of additional par value.	



1	(3) For filing with the secretary of state a certificate of increase of
2	capital stock of any association for an increase of not more than
3	five thousand dollars (\$5,000) of par value, five dollars (\$5), and
4	for each one hundred dollars (\$100) of par value of increase
5	above five thousand dollars (\$5,000), one cent (\$0.01).
6	(4) (2) For filing with the secretary of state any certificate not
7	specified in this section, five dollars (\$5) each. regardless of the
8	number of amendments contained in the certificate, with the
9	exception of increases of capital stock. The fee for increases of
10	capital stock is as provided in subdivision (3).
11	(5) (3) For filing a biennial or special reports of associations, two
12	dollars (\$2) for each filing, which is in addition to any other fees
13	specified in this section. The biennial report filing fee is one
14	dollar (\$1) report, two dollars (\$2), per year, to be paid
15	biennially.
16	(6) For each certificate issued by the secretary of state, one dollar
17	(\$1), and for each impression of the seal of the state of Indiana
18	affixed by the secretary of state on the certificate, fifty cents
19	<del>(\$0.50).</del>
20	(b) Fees collected under subsection (a) shall be deposited in the
21	state general fund.
22	SECTION 2. IC 15-12-1-49, AS ADDED BY P.L.2-2008,
23	SECTION 3, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
24	JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 49. (a) Any nonprofit cooperative association
25	organized under the agricultural cooperative law of any state of the
26	United States other than Indiana and not admitted to do business in
27	Indiana before March 12, 1935, must submit the following to the
28	secretary of state at the secretary of state's office before transacting any
29	business in Indiana:
30	(1) A copy of the nonprofit cooperative association's articles of
31	incorporation, with all amendments to the articles of
32	incorporation. The copy of the nonprofit cooperative association's
33	articles of incorporation must be authenticated by the proper
34	officer of the state where the nonprofit cooperative association is
35	incorporated.
36	(2) An application for admission, which must contain the same
37	information as required in the articles of incorporation of an
38	association seeking to be incorporated under this chapter, together
39	with any additional information that the secretary of state may

with any additional information that the secretary of state may

require, which must include a statement of assets and liabilities as

of a date not earlier than thirty (30) days before the filing of the

application for admission. The information shall be submitted in



1		olicate originals on forms prescrib	ped by the sec	retary of state.
2		The prescribed fees.		
3		an application submitted under su	ibsection (a) n	nust be signed
4		fied under oath by:		
5		the president or vice president; a		
6		the secretary or assistant secreta	ry;	
7		ssociation.		
8		except for a fee calculated on the		
9		which must be calculated on the		
10	_	stock represented in Indiana, the f		
11	must ec	<del>jual the fees that would be req</del>	<del>uired if the</del> a	pplicant were
12	seeking	to be incorporated under this cha	<del>pter.</del> However	r, The fee may
13	not be h	<del>ess than</del> for a filing under this se	ection is ten d	ollars (\$10).
14	SEC'	TION 3. IC 23-1-18-1.1, AS AN	MENDED BY	P.L.63-2014,
15	SECTIO	ON 1, IS AMENDED TO READ A	S FOLLOWS	[EFFECTIVE
16	JULY 1	, 2015]: Sec. 1.1. <del>(a)</del> For purpose	s of this articl	e, except for a
17	biennial	report filed under IC 23-1-53-4,	a document is	s delivered for
18	filing if	the document is transferred to th	e secretary of	state by hand,
19	mail, or	a form of electronic transmissic	n meeting the	requirements
20	establis	ned by the secretary of state.		
21	<del>(b)</del> 1	f a document is delivered for t	filing by hand	d or mail, the
22	docume	nt must be accompanied by:		
23	<del>(1)</del>	two (2) exact or conformed copic	<del>es of a docum</del>	ent filed under
24	<del>IC</del>	<del>23-1-24-3</del> or IC <del>23-1-49-9; or</del>		
25	<del>(2)</del>	one (1) exact or conformed copy	of any other	locument filed
26	un	<del>der this</del> article.		
27	SEC	TION 4. IC 23-1-18-3, AS AM	MENDED BY	P.L.63-2014,
28	SECTIO	ON 2, IS AMENDED TO READ A	SFOLLOWS	[EFFECTIVE
29	JULY 1	, 2015]: Sec. 3. (a) The secreta	ry of state sha	all collect the
30	followir	ng fees when the documents desc	ribed in this	subsection are
31	delivere	d to the secretary of state for filir	ıg:	
32		Document	Electronic	Fee
33			Filing Fee	(Other than
34			C	electronic
35				filing)
36	(1)	Articles of incorporation	\$75	\$90
37	(2)	Application for use of		
38	· /	indistinguishable name	\$10	\$20
39	(3)	Application for reserved name	\$10	\$20
40	(4)	Application for renewal	•	-
41	( )	of reservation	\$10	\$20



(5)

Notice of transfer of

1	reserved name	\$10	\$20
2	(6) Application for registered		
3	name	<del>\$20</del>	<del>\$30</del>
4	(7) Application for renewal of		
5	<del>registered name</del>	<del>\$20</del>	<del>\$30</del>
6	(8) (6) Corporation's statement of		
7	change of registered agent		
8	or registered office or both	No Fee	No Fee
9	(9) (7) Agent's statement of change		
10	of registered office for each		
11	affected corporation	No Fee	No Fee
12	(10) (8) Agent's statement of		
13	resignation	No Fee	No Fee
14	(11) (9) Amendment of articles of		
15	incorporation	\$20	\$30
16	(12) (10) Restatement of articles of		
17	incorporation	\$20	\$30
18	with amendment of articles	\$20	\$30
19	(13) (11) Articles of merger or share		
20	exchange	\$75	\$90
21	(14) (12) Articles of dissolution	\$20	\$30
22	(15) (13) Articles of revocation of		
23	dissolution	\$20	\$30
24	(16) (14) Certificate of administrative		
25	dissolution	No Fee	No Fee
26	(17) (15) Application for reinstatement		
27	following administrative		
28	dissolution	\$20	\$30
29	(18) (16) Certificate of reinstatement	No Fee	No Fee
30	(19) (17) Certificate of judicial	No Fee	No Fee
31	dissolution		
32	(20) (18) Application for certificate of		
33	authority	\$75	\$90
34	(21) (19) Application for amended		
35	certificate of authority	\$20	\$30
36	(22) (20) Application for certificate of		
37	withdrawal	\$20	\$30
38	(23) (21) Certificate of revocation of		
39	authority to transact business	No Fee	No Fee
40	(24) (22) Biennial report	\$20	\$30
41	(25) (23) Articles of correction	\$20	\$30
42	(26) (24) Application for certificate		
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1	of existence or authorization	\$15	\$15
2	(27) (25) Any other document		
3	required or permitted to		
4	be filed by this article,		
5	including an application		
6	for any other certificates		
7	or certification certificate		
8	(except for any such other		
9	certificates that the secretary		
10	of state may determine to		
11	issue without additional fee		
12	in connection with particular		
13	filings) and a request for		
14	other facts of record under		
15	section 9(b)(6) of this		
16	chapter	\$20	\$30
17	The secretary of state shall prescribe the	he electron	ic means of filing
18	documents to which the electronic filing	g fees set fo	orth in this section
19	apply.		
20	(b) The fee set forth in subsection	(a)(24) (a	(22) for filing a
21	biennial report is:		

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  - (1) fifteen dollars (\$15) per year, for a filing in writing; and
- (2) ten dollars (\$10) per year, for a filing by electronic means; to be paid biennially.
- (c) The secretary of state shall collect a fee of ten dollars (\$10) each time process is served on the secretary of state under this article. If the party to a proceeding causing service of process prevails in the proceeding, then that party is entitled to recover this fee as costs from the nonprevailing party.
- (d) The secretary of state shall collect the following fees for copying and certifying the copy of any filed document relating to a domestic or foreign corporation:
  - (1) Per page for copying \$ 1
  - (2) For a certification stamp \$15

The fees under this subsection do not apply to any copies or certifications that are processed on the secretary of state's Internet web site.

- SECTION 5. IC 23-1-18-4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.133-2009, SECTION 3, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 4. (a) Except as provided in subsection (b) and section 5(c) of this chapter, a document accepted for filing is effective:
  - (1) at the time of filing on the date it is filed, as evidenced by



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1	means the secretary of state uses for endorsing the date and time
2	of filing on the original document; or
3	(2) at such later time on the date it is filed as is specified in the
4	document as its effective time on the date it is filed.
5	(b) A document may specify a delayed effective time and date, and
6	if it does so the document becomes effective at the time and date
7	specified. If a delayed effective date but no time is specified, the
8	document is effective at 12:01 a.m. on that date. A delayed effective
9	date for a document may not be later than the ninetieth day after the
10	date it is filed.
11	(c) A document that:
12	(1) has been submitted to the office of the secretary of state;
13	and
14	(2) has a specified delayed effective time and date;
15	may be withdrawn from the record before the effective time and
16	date. The office of the secretary of state must receive written notice
17	before the effective time and date from the person authorized to
18	make the filing directing that the filing be withdrawn and not take
19	effect. If the office of the secretary of state does not receive written
20	notice, the document will become effective at the specified time and
21	date.
22	SECTION 6. IC 23-1-18-6 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
23	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 6. (a) If a document
24	delivered to the office of the secretary of state for filing satisfies the
25	requirements of section 1 of this chapter, the secretary of state shall file
26	it.
27	(b) The secretary of state files a document by stamping or otherwise
28	endorsing "Filed", together with the secretary of state's name and
29	official title and the date and time of receipt on both the original and
30	the document. <del>copy and on the receipt for the filing fee.</del> After filing a
31	document, except as provided in IC 23-1-24-3 and IC 23-1-49-9, the
32	secretary of state shall deliver the <b>filed</b> document <del>copy, with the filing</del>
33	fee receipt (or acknowledgement of receipt if no fee is required)
34	attached, and the receipt to the domestic or foreign corporation or its
35	representative.
36	(c) If the secretary of state refuses to file a document, the secretary
37	of state shall return it to the domestic or foreign corporation or its
38	representative within ten (10) days after the document was delivered,
39	together with a brief, written explanation of the reason for the refusal.
40	(d) The secretary of state's duty to file documents under this section



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document does not:

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is ministerial. The secretary of state's filing or refusing to file a

1	(1) affect the validity or invalidity of the document in whole or
2	part;
3	(2) relate to the correctness or incorrectness of information
4	contained in the document; or
5	(3) create a presumption that the document is valid or invalid or
6	that information contained in the document is correct or incorrect.
7	SECTION 7. IC 23-1-23-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.133-2009,
8	SECTION 15, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
9	JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 1. (a) A corporate name:
10	(1) must contain the word "corporation", "incorporated",
11	"company", or "limited", or the abbreviation "corp.", "inc.", "co.",
12	or "ltd.", or words or abbreviations of like import in another
13	language; and
14	(2) except as provided in subsection (e), may not contain language
15	stating or implying that the corporation is organized for a purpose
16	other than that permitted by IC 23-1-22-1 and its articles of
17	incorporation.
18	(b) Except as authorized by subsections (c) and (d), a corporate
19	name must be distinguishable upon the records of the secretary of state
20	from:
21	(1) the corporate name of a corporation or other business entity
22	incorporated or authorized to transact business in Indiana;
23	(2) a corporate name reserved <del>or registered</del> under section 2 <del>or 3</del>
24	of this chapter;
25	(3) a fictitious name adopted by a foreign corporation authorized
26	to transact business in Indiana because the foreign corporation's
27	true name was unavailable; and
28	(4) the corporate name of a not-for-profit corporation incorporated
29	or authorized to transact business in Indiana.
30	(c) A corporation may apply to the secretary of state for
31	authorization to use a name that is not distinguishable upon the
32	secretary of state's records from one (1) or more of the names described
33	in subsection (b). The secretary of state shall authorize use of the name
34	applied for if:
35	(1) the other corporation files its written consent to the use, signed
36	by any current officer of the corporation; or
37	(2) the applicant delivers to the secretary of state a certified copy
38	of the final judgment of a court of competent jurisdiction
39	establishing the applicant's right to use the name applied for in
40	Indiana.
41	(d) A corporation may use the name, including the fictitious name,

of another domestic or foreign corporation that is used in Indiana if the



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other corporation is incorporated or authorized to transact business in Indiana and the proposed user corporation:

(1) has merged with the other corporation;

- (2) has been formed by reorganization of the other corporation; or
- (3) has acquired all or substantially all of the assets, including the corporate name, of the other corporation.
- (e) A bank holding company (as defined in 12 U.S.C. 1841) may use the word "bank" or "banks" as a part of its name. However, this subsection does not permit a bank holding company to advertise or represent itself to the public as affording the services or performing the duties that a bank or trust company only is entitled to afford and perform.
- (f) Except as provided in IC 23-1-49-6, this article does not control the use of fictitious names.

SECTION 8. IC 23-1-23-2 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 2. (a) A person may reserve the exclusive right to the use of a name including a fictitious name for a foreign eorporation whose name is not available, by delivering an application to the secretary of state for filing. The application must set forth the name and address of the applicant and the name proposed to be reserved. If the secretary of state finds that the name applied for is available, the secretary of state shall reserve the name for the applicant's exclusive use for renewable one hundred twenty (120) day periods.

(b) The owner of a reserved name may transfer the reservation to another person by delivering to the secretary of state a signed notice of the transfer that states the name and address of the transferee.

SECTION 9. IC 23-1-23-3 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2015]. Sec. 3. (a) A foreign corporation may register its name, or its name with any addition required by IC 23-1-49-6, if the name is distinguishable upon the records of the secretary of state as provided in section 1 of this chapter.

- (b) A foreign corporation registers its name, or its name with any addition required by IC 23-1-49-6, by delivering to the secretary of state for filing an application setting forth:
  - (1) its name, or its name with any addition required by IC 23-1-49-6; and
  - (2) the state or country and date of its incorporation.
- (c) The name is registered for the applicant's exclusive use upon the effective date of the application.
- (d) A foreign corporation whose registration is effective may renew it for successive years by delivering to the secretary of state for filing



a renewal application, which complies with the requirements of subsection (b), between October 1 and December 31 of the preceding year. The filing of the renewal application renews the registration for the following calendar year.

(e) A foreign corporation whose registration is effective may thereafter qualify as a foreign corporation under that name or consent in writing to the use of that name by a corporation thereafter incorporated under this article or by another foreign corporation thereafter authorized to transact business in Indiana. The registration terminates when the domestic corporation is incorporated or the foreign corporation qualifies or consents to the qualification of another foreign corporation under the registered name.

SECTION 10. IC 23-1-29-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.133-2009, SECTION 19, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 1. (a) Unless directors are elected by written consent instead of at an annual meeting as permitted by section 4 of this chapter, a corporation shall hold a meeting of the shareholders annually at a time stated in or fixed in accordance with the bylaws. However, if a corporation's articles of incorporation authorize shareholders to cumulate the shareholder's votes when electing directors as provided under IC 23-1-30-9, directors may not be elected by less than unanimous consent.

- (b) Annual shareholders' meetings may be held in or out of Indiana at the place stated in or fixed in accordance with the bylaws. The bylaws may provide that the meeting will not be held in any place but may, instead, be held solely by means of remote communication. If no place is stated in or fixed in accordance with the bylaws, annual meetings shall be held at the corporation's principal office. the board of directors:
  - (1) except as provided in subdivision (2), shall determine in the board's sole discretion the location of the annual meeting; or
  - (2) may determine that the meeting will not be held at any place, but may instead be held solely by means of remote communication.
- (c) The failure to hold an annual meeting at the time stated in or fixed in accordance with a corporation's bylaws does not affect the validity of any corporate action.
- (d) If provided for in the articles of incorporation or bylaws so provide, any or all shareholders may participate in an annual shareholders' meeting by, or through the use of, any means of communication by which all shareholders participating may



simultaneously hear each other during the meeting. A shareholder participating in a meeting by this means is deemed to be present in person at the meeting. bylaws or authorized by the board of directors, and subject to any guidelines and procedures the board of directors adopts, shareholders not physically present at an annual meeting of shareholders may:

- (1) participate in the annual meeting of shareholders by means of remote communication; and
- (2) if the conditions under subsection (e) are met, be considered present in person and vote at the annual meeting of shareholders, whether the meeting is held at a designated place or solely by means of remote communication.
- (e) With respect to an annual meeting at which a shareholder may participate by remote communication, the corporation shall:
  - (1) implement reasonable measures to verify that each shareholder considered present and permitted to vote at the annual meeting by means of remote communication is that shareholder or the shareholder's proxy;
  - (2) implement reasonable measures to provide a shareholder described in subdivision (1) with a reasonable opportunity to participate in the annual meeting and to vote on matters submitted to the shareholders, including an opportunity to read or hear the proceedings of the meeting and communicate with the other persons present at the meeting substantially concurrently with the proceedings; and
  - (3) maintain a record of any votes cast or actions taken by a shareholder who participated in an annual meeting by remote communication.

SECTION 11. IC 23-1-29-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.133-2009, SECTION 20, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 2. (a) A corporation with more than fifty (50) shareholders must hold a special meeting of shareholders on call of its board of directors or the person or persons (including, but not limited to, shareholders or officers) specifically authorized to do so by the articles of incorporation or bylaws. If such corporation's articles of incorporation require the holding of a special meeting on the demand of its shareholders, but do not specify the percentage of votes entitled to be cast on an issue necessary to demand such special meeting, the board of directors may establish such percentage in the corporation's bylaws. Absent adoption of such a bylaw provision, the demand for a special meeting must be made by the holders of all of the votes entitled to be cast on an issue.



- (b) A corporation with fifty (50) or fewer shareholders must hold a special meeting of shareholders: (1) on call of its board of directors or the person or persons (including, but not limited to, shareholders or officers) specifically authorized to do so by the articles of incorporation or bylaws; or (2) if the holders of at least twenty-five percent (25%) of all the votes entitled to be cast on any issue proposed to be considered at the proposed special meeting sign, date, and deliver to such corporation's secretary one (1) or more written demands for the meeting describing the purpose or purposes for which it is to be
  - (c) Special shareholders' meetings may be held in or out of Indiana at the place stated in or fixed in accordance with the bylaws If no place is stated or fixed in accordance with the bylaws, special meetings shall be held at the corporation's principal office. or solely by remote communication if the bylaws so specify. If the bylaws do not state or fix the location of special meetings, a special meeting must be held at a location determined by the board of directors or the board of directors may, in its sole discretion, determine that the meeting will not be held at any place, but may instead be held solely by means of remote communication as provided in subsection (f).
  - (d) If not otherwise fixed under section 3 or 7 of this chapter, the record date for determining shareholders entitled to demand a special meeting is the date the first shareholder signs the demand.
  - (e) Only business within the purpose or purposes described in the meeting notice required by section 5(c) of this chapter may be conducted at a special shareholders' meeting.
  - (f) If provided for in the articles of incorporation or bylaws so provide, any or all shareholders may participate in a special meeting of shareholders by, or through the use of, any means of communication by which all shareholders participating may simultaneously hear each other during the meeting. A shareholder participating in a meeting by this means is deemed to be present in person at the meeting. bylaws or authorized by the board of directors, and subject to any guidelines and procedures the board of directors adopts, shareholders not physically present at a special meeting of shareholders may:
    - (1) participate in a special meeting of shareholders by means of remote communication; and
    - (2) if the conditions under subsection (g) are met, be considered present in person and vote at the special meeting



1	of shareholders, whether the meeting is held at a designated
2	place or solely by means of remote communication.
3	(g) With respect to a special meeting at which a shareholder
4	may participate by remote communication, the corporation shall:
5	(1) implement reasonable measures to verify that each
6	shareholder considered present and permitted to vote at the
7	special meeting by means of remote communication is that
8	shareholder or the shareholder's proxy;
9	(2) implement reasonable measures to provide a shareholder
10	described in subdivision (1) with a reasonable opportunity to
11	participate in the special meeting and to vote on matters
12	submitted to the shareholders, including an opportunity to
13	read or hear the proceedings of the meeting and communicate
14	with the other persons present at the meeting substantially
15	concurrently with the proceedings; and
16	(3) maintain a record of any votes cast or actions taken by a
17	shareholder who participated in a special meeting by remote
18	communication.
19	SECTION 12. IC 23-1-29-5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.178-2005,
20	SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
21	JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 5. (a) A corporation shall, not less than ten (10)
22	days and not more than sixty (60) days before the date of each
23	annual or special shareholders' meeting, notify shareholders of all
24	the following:
25	(1) The date, time, and place, if the meeting will be located at
26	a place, of each the annual and or special shareholders' meeting.
27	(2) The means of remote communication, if any, by which
28	shareholders may be considered present in person and vote at
29	the meeting.
30	no fewer than ten (10) nor more than sixty (60) days before the meeting
31	date. Unless this article or the articles of incorporation require
32	otherwise, the corporation is required to give notice only to
33	shareholders entitled to vote at the meeting.
34	(b) Unless this article or the articles of incorporation require
35	otherwise, notice of an annual meeting need not include a description
36	of the purpose or purposes for which the meeting is called.
37	(c) Notice of a special meeting must include a description of the
38	purpose or purposes for which the meeting is called.
39	(d) If not otherwise fixed under section 7 of this chapter, the record
40	date for determining shareholders entitled to notice of and to vote at an
41	annual or special shareholders' meeting is the close of business on the

day before the first notice is delivered to shareholders.



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1	(e) Unless the bylaws require otherwise, if an annual or special
2	shareholders' meeting is adjourned to a different date, time, or place,
3	notice need not be given of the new date, time, or place, if any, if the:
4	(1) new date, time, or place; is and
5	(2) means of remote communication, if any, by which
6	shareholders may be considered to be present in person and
7	vote at the adjourned meeting;
8	are announced at the meeting before adjournment. If a new record date
9	for the adjourned meeting is or must be fixed under section 7 of this
10	chapter, however, notice of the adjourned meeting must be given under
11	this section to persons who are shareholders as of the new record date.
12	(f) A corporation may give notice of a shareholders' meeting under
13	this section by mailing the notice, postage prepaid, through the United
14	States Postal Service, using any class or form of mail, if:
15	(1) the shares to which the notice relates are of a class of
16	securities that is registered under the Exchange Act (as defined in
17	IC 23-1-43-9); and
18	(2) the notice and the related proxy or information statement
19	required under the Exchange Act (as defined in IC 23-1-43-9) are
20	available to the public, without cost or password, through the
21	corporation's Internet web site not fewer than thirty (30) days
22	before the shareholders' meeting.
23	SECTION 13. IC 23-1-29-6, AS AMENDED BY P.L.133-2009,
24	SECTION 22, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
25 26	JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 6. (a) A shareholder may waive any notice
26	required by this article, the articles of incorporation, or bylaws before
27	or after the date and time stated in the notice. The waiver must be:
28	(1) in writing;
29	(2) signed by the shareholder entitled to the notice; and
30	(3) delivered to the corporation for inclusion in the minutes or
31	filing with the corporate records.
32	(b) A shareholder's attendance at a meeting or participation by
33	remote communication in a meeting in accordance with this
34	chapter:
35	(1) waives objection to lack of notice or defective notice of the
36	meeting, unless the shareholder at the beginning of the meeting
37	objects to holding the meeting or transacting business at the
38	meeting; and
39	(2) waives objection to consideration of a particular matter at the
10	meeting that is not within the purpose or purposes described in
<b>1</b> 1	the meeting notice, unless the shareholder objects to considering
12	the matter when it is presented.



- SECTION 14. IC 23-1-30-1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 1. (a) After fixing a record date for a meeting, a corporation shall prepare an alphabetical list of the names of all its shareholders who are entitled to notice of a shareholders' meeting. The list must be arranged by voting group (and within each voting group by class or series of shares) and show the address of and number of shares held by each shareholder. **This section may not be construed to require a corporation to include electronic mail addresses or other electronic contact information on the list.**
- (b) The shareholders' list must be available for inspection by any shareholder entitled to vote at the meeting, beginning five (5) business days before the date of the meeting for which the list was prepared and continuing through the meeting, at the corporation's principal office or at a place identified in the meeting notice in the city where the meeting will be held. Subject to IC 23-1-52-2(c), a shareholder, or the shareholder's agent or attorney authorized in writing, is entitled on written demand to inspect and to copy the list, during regular business hours and at the shareholder's expense, during the period it is available for inspection.
- (c) The corporation shall make the shareholders' list available at the meeting, and any shareholder, or the shareholder's agent or attorney authorized in writing, is entitled to inspect the list at any time during the meeting or any adjournment. If the meeting is held solely by means of remote communication, the list must be open to examination by any shareholder at any time during the meeting on a reasonably accessible electronic network. Information required to access the list shall be provided with the notice of the meeting.
- (d) If the corporation refuses to allow a shareholder, or the shareholder's agent or attorney authorized in writing, to inspect the shareholders' list during the period specified in subsection (b) (or copy the list as permitted by subsection (b)), the circuit or superior court of the county where a corporation's principal office (or, if none in Indiana, its registered office) is located, on application of the shareholder, may order the inspection or copying.
- (e) Refusal or failure to prepare or make available the shareholders' list does not affect the validity of action taken at the meeting.
- (f) The use and distribution of any information acquired from inspection or copying the shareholders' list under the rights granted by this section are subject to IC 23-1-52-5.

SECTION 15. IC 23-1-40-9 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A **NEW** SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 9. (a) As used in this section, "holding company"



1	means a corporation that, from its incorporation until
2	consummation of a merger governed by this section, was at all
3	times a direct or indirect wholly owned subsidiary of the parent
4	corporation and its shares of capital stock are issued in the merger.
5	(b) For purposes of subsections (d)(7), (e), (f), and (g),
6	"organizational documents" means:
7	(1) if used in reference to a corporation, the articles of
8	incorporation of the corporation; and
9	(2) if used in reference to a limited liability company, the
10	operating agreement of the limited liability company.
11	(c) As used in this section, "parent corporation" means a
12	domestic corporation that:
13	(1) before a merger governed by this section, was owned by its
14	shareholders; and
15	(2) after the merger, the parent corporation or its successor
16	becomes or remains a direct or indirect wholly owned
17	subsidiary of a holding company.
18	(d) Notwithstanding the requirements of section 3 of this
19	chapter and unless expressly required by a corporation's articles
20	of incorporation, a vote of shareholders of a parent corporation is
21	not necessary to authorize a merger with or into a single direct or
22	indirect wholly owned subsidiary of the parent corporation if all
23	the following apply:
24	(1) As a result of the merger, the parent corporation or its
25	successor becomes or remains a direct or indirect wholly
26	owned subsidiary of the holding company.
27	(2) The parent corporation and the direct or indirect wholly
28	owned subsidiary of the parent corporation are the only
29	parties to the merger.
30	(3) Each share or fraction of a share of the capital stock of the
31	parent corporation outstanding immediately before the
32	effective time of the merger is converted in the merger into a
33	share or an equal fraction of a share of capital stock of a
34	holding company having the same:
35	(A) designations, rights, powers, and preferences; and
36	(B) qualifications, limitations, and restrictions;
37	as the share of stock of the parent corporation being
38	converted in the merger.
39	(4) The holding company and the parent corporation are
40	domestic corporations and the direct or indirect wholly owned
41	subsidiary that is the other party to the merger is a domestic

corporation or domestic limited liability company.



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1	(5) The articles of incorporation and bylaws of the holding
2	company immediately following the effective time of the
3	merger contain provisions identical to the articles of
4	incorporation and bylaws of the parent corporation
5	immediately before the effective time of the merger. However,
6	the following are not required to be identical under this
7	subdivision:
8	(A) Any provisions regarding:
9	(i) the incorporator or incorporators;
10	(ii) the corporate or entity name;
11	(iii) the registered office and agent;
12	(iv) the initial board of directors; or
13	(v) the initial subscribers for shares.
14	(B) Any provisions contained in any amendment to the
15	articles of incorporation as were necessary to effect a
16	change, exchange, reclassification, subdivision,
17	combination, or cancellation of shares, if the change,
18	exchange, reclassification, subdivision, combination, or
19	cancellation has become effective.
20	(6) The directors of the parent corporation become or remain
21	the directors of the holding company upon the effective time
22	of the merger.
23	(7) Subject to subsections (e) and (f), the organizational
24	documents of the surviving entity immediately following the
25	effective time of the merger contain provisions identical in
26	substance to the articles of incorporation of the parent
27	corporation immediately before the effective time of the
28	merger. However, subject to subsection (e), the following are
29	not required to be identical under this subdivision:
30	(A) Any provisions regarding:
31	(i) the incorporator or incorporators;
32	(ii) the corporate or entity name;
33	(iii) the registered office and agent;
34	(iv) the initial board of directors;
35	(v) the initial subscribers for shares;
36	(vi) references to members rather than shareholders;
37	(vii) references to interests, units, or the like rather than
38	shares; or
39	(viii) references to managers, managing members, or
40	other members of the governing body rather than
41	directors.
42	(B) Any provisions contained in any amendment to the



1	articles of incorporation as were necessary to effect a
2	change, exchange, reclassification, subdivision,
3	combination, or cancellation of shares, if the change,
4	exchange, reclassification, subdivision, combination, or
5	cancellation has become effective.
6	(8) The shareholders of the parent corporation do not
7	recognize gain or loss for federal income tax purposes as
8	determined by the board of directors of the parent
9	corporation.
10	(e) The organizational documents of the surviving entity must
11	be amended in the merger to contain, if not contained in the
12	organizational documents, provisions that require:
13	(1) any act or transaction by or involving the surviving entity,
14	other than the election or removal of:
15	(A) directors or managers;
16	(B) managing members; or
17	(C) other members of the governing body of the surviving
18	entity;
19	that requires for its adoption under this article or its
20	organizational documents that the approval of the
21	shareholders or members of the surviving entity must, by
22	specific reference to this section, require the approval of the
23	shareholders of the holding company (or any successor by
24	merger), by the same vote as is required by this article or by
25	the organizational documents of the surviving entity.
26	However, for purposes of this subdivision, any surviving
27	entity that is not a corporation shall include in the amendment
28	a requirement that the approval of the shareholders of the
29	holding company be obtained for any act or transaction by or
30	involving the surviving entity, other than the election or
31	removal of directors or managers, managing members, or
32	other members of the governing body of the surviving entity,
33	which would require the approval of the shareholders of the
34	surviving entity if the surviving entity were a corporation
35	subject to this article;
36	(2) any amendment of the organizational documents of a
37	surviving entity that is not a corporation, which amendment
38	would, if adopted by a corporation subject to this article, be
39	required to be included in the articles of incorporation of the
40	corporation, must, by specific reference to this section,
41	require the approval of the shareholders of the holding

company (or any successor by merger), by the same vote as is



1	required by this article or by the organizational documents of
2	the surviving entity; and
3	(3) the business and affairs of a surviving entity that is not a
4	corporation must be managed by or under the direction of a
5	board of directors, board of managers, or other governing
6	body consisting of individuals who are subject to the same
7	standards of conduct applicable to, and who are liable for
8	breach of the standards of conduct to the same extent as,
9	directors of a corporation subject to this article.
10	(f) The organizational documents of the surviving entity may be
11	amended in the merger:
12	(1) to reduce the number of classes and shares of capital stock
13	or other equity interests or units that the surviving entity is
14	authorized to issue; and
15	(2) to eliminate any provisions described in IC 23-1-33-6.
16	(g) Nothing in subsection (e) or any provision of a surviving
17	entity's organizational documents required by subsection (e) may
18	be considered or construed to require approval of the shareholders
19	of the holding company to elect or remove directors or managers,
20	managing members, or other members of the governing body of
21	the surviving entity.
22	(h) From and after the effective time of a merger adopted by a
23 24 25 26	parent corporation by action of its board of directors and without
24	any vote of shareholders under this section:
25	(1) to the extent the restrictions of IC 23-1-42 or IC 23-1-43
	applied to the parent corporation or to any of its shareholders
27	at the effective time of the merger, the restrictions must apply
28	to the holding company and such shareholders immediately
29	after the effective time of the merger as though the holding
30	company were the parent corporation, and all shares of the
31	holding company acquired in the merger shall for purposes of
32	IC 23-1-42 and IC 23-1-43 be considered to have been
33	acquired at the time that the shares of the parent corporation
34	converted in the merger were acquired, and provided further
35	that:
36	(A) any shares that immediately before the effective time
37	of the merger were not control shares within the meaning
38	of IC 23-1-42 do not solely by reason of the merger become
39	control shares of the holding company; and
10	(B) any shareholder who immediately before the effective
11	time of the merger was not an interested shareholder



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within the meaning of IC 23-1-43 does not solely by reason

l	of the merger become an interested shareholder of the
2	holding company;
3	(2) if the corporate name of the holding company immediately
4	following the effective time of the merger is the same as the
5	corporate name of the parent corporation immediately before
6	the effective time of the merger, the shares of capital stock of
7	the holding company into which the shares of capital stock of
8	the parent corporation are converted in the merger shall be
9	represented by the share certificates that previously
10	represented shares of capital stock of the parent corporation;
11	and
12	(3) to the extent a shareholder of the parent corporation
13	immediately before the merger had standing to institute or
14	maintain derivative litigation on behalf of the parent
15	corporation, this section may not be considered or construed
16	to limit or extinguish that standing.
17	(i) If a plan of merger is adopted by a parent corporation by
18	action of its board of directors and without any vote of
19	shareholders under this section, the secretary or assistant secretary
20	of the parent corporation shall certify in the articles of merger filed
21	under section 5 of this chapter that the plan of merger has been
22	adopted under this section and that the conditions specified in
23	subsections (d), (e), and (f) have been satisfied.
24	(j) After the requirements of subsection (i) are met, the articles
25	of merger shall then be filed and become effective, in accordance
26	with section 5 of this chapter. The filing constitutes a
27	representation by the person who executes the articles of merger
28	that the facts stated in the articles of merger remain true
29	immediately before the filing.
30	SECTION 16. IC 23-1-44-8, AS AMENDED BY P.L.133-2009,
31	SECTION 39, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
32	JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 8. (a) A shareholder is entitled to dissent from,
33	and obtain payment of the fair value of the shareholder's shares in the
34	event of, any of the following corporate actions:
35	(1) Consummation of a plan of merger to which the corporation
36	is a party if:
37	(A) shareholder approval is required for the merger by
38	$\frac{1C}{23-1-40-3}$ IC 23-1-40 or the articles of incorporation; and
39	(B) the shareholder is entitled to vote on the merger.
40	(2) Consummation of a plan of share exchange to which the
41	corporation is a party as the corporation whose shares will be

acquired, if the shareholder is entitled to vote on the plan.



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I	(3) Consummation of a sale or exchange of all, or substantially
2	all, of the property of the corporation other than in the usual and
3	regular course of business, if the shareholder is entitled to vote on
4	the sale or exchange, including a sale in dissolution, but not
5	including a sale pursuant to court order or a sale for cash pursuant
6	to a plan by which all or substantially all of the net proceeds of
7	the sale will be distributed to the shareholders within one (1) year
8	after the date of sale.
9	(4) The approval of a control share acquisition under IC 23-1-42.
10	(5) Any corporate action taken pursuant to a shareholder vote to
11	the extent the articles of incorporation, bylaws, or a resolution of
12	the board of directors provides that voting or nonvoting
13	shareholders are entitled to dissent and obtain payment for their
14	shares.
15	(b) This section does not apply to the holders of shares of any class
16	or series if, on the date fixed to determine the shareholders entitled to
17	receive notice of and vote at the meeting of shareholders at which the
18	merger, plan of share exchange, or sale or exchange of property is to be
19	acted on, the shares of that class or series were a covered security under
20	Section 18(b)(1)(A) or 18(b)(1)(B) of the Securities Act of 1933, as
21	amended.
22	(c) The articles of incorporation as originally filed or any
23	amendment to the articles of incorporation may limit or eliminate the
24	right to dissent and obtain payment for any class or series of preferred
25	shares. However, any limitation or elimination contained in an
26	amendment to the articles of incorporation that limits or eliminates the
27	right to dissent and obtain payment for any shares:
28	(1) that are outstanding immediately before the effective date of
29	the amendment; or
30	(2) that the corporation is or may be required to issue or sell after
31	the effective date of the amendment under any exchange or other
32	right existing immediately before the effective date of the
33	amendment;
34	does not apply to any corporate action that becomes effective within
35	one (1) year of the effective date of the amendment if the action would
36	otherwise afford the right to dissent and obtain payment.
37	(d) A shareholder:
38	(1) who is entitled to dissent and obtain payment for the
39	shareholder's shares under this chapter; or
40	(2) who would be so entitled to dissent and obtain payment but for
41	the provisions of subsection (b);
42	may not challenge the corporate action creating (or that, but for the



2	entitlement.
2 3	(e) Subsection (d) does not apply to a corporate action that was
4	approved by less than unanimous consent of the voting shareholders
5	under $\frac{1}{1}$ C 23-1-29-4.5(b) IC 23-1-29-4 if both of the following apply:
6	(1) The challenge to the corporate action is brought by a
7	shareholder who did not consent and as to whom notice of the
8	approval of the corporate action was not effective at least ten (10
9	days before the corporate action was effected.
10	(2) The proceeding challenging the corporate action is
11	commenced not later than ten (10) days after notice of the
12	approval of the corporate action is effective as to the shareholder
13	bringing the proceeding.
14	SECTION 17. IC 23-1-46-1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
15	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 1. The secretary of state
16	may commence a proceeding under section 2 of this chapter to
17	administratively dissolve a corporation if:
18	(1) the corporation does not pay within sixty (60) days after they
19	are due any franchise taxes or penalties imposed by this article or
20	other law;
21	(2) the corporation does not deliver for filing its biennial report to
22	the secretary of state within sixty (60) days after it is due;
23	(3) the corporation is without a registered agent or registered
24	office in this state for sixty (60) days or more; or
25	(4) the corporation does not notify the secretary of state within
26	sixty (60) days that its registered agent or registered office has
27	been changed, that its registered agent has resigned, or that its
28	registered office has been discontinued. or
29	(5) the corporation's period of duration stated in its articles of
30	incorporation expires.
31	SECTION 18. IC 23-1-49-6 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
32	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 6. (a) If the corporate
33	name of a foreign corporation does not satisfy the requirements of
34	IC 23-1-23-1, the foreign corporation, to obtain or maintain a certificate
35	of authority to transact business in Indiana:
36	(1) may add the word "corporation", "incorporated", "company"
37	or "limited", or the abbreviation "corp.", "inc.", "co.", or "ltd.", to
38	its corporate name for use in Indiana; or
39	(2) may use a fictitious name to transact business in Indiana if its
10	real name is unavailable and it delivers to the secretary of state for
11	filing a copy of the resolution of its board of directors, certified by
12	its sparatory adapting the figitious name



1	(b) Except as authorized by subsections (c) and (d), the corporate
2	name (including a fictitious name) of a foreign corporation must be
3	distinguishable upon the records of the secretary of state from:
4	(1) the corporate name of a corporation incorporated or authorized
5	to transact business in Indiana;
6	(2) a corporate name reserved <del>or registered</del> under IC 23-1-23-2;
7	or IC 23-1-23-3;
8	(3) the fictitious name of another foreign corporation authorized
9	to transact business in Indiana; and
0	(4) the corporate name of a not-for-profit corporation incorporated
1	or authorized to transact business in Indiana.
2	(c) A foreign corporation may apply to the secretary of state for
3	authorization to use in Indiana the name of another corporation
4	(incorporated or authorized to transact business in Indiana) that is not
5	distinguishable upon the secretary of state's records from the name
6	applied for. The secretary of state shall authorize use of the name
7	applied for if:
8	(1) the other corporation consents to the use in writing and
9	submits an undertaking in form satisfactory to the secretary of
20	state to change its name to a name that is distinguishable upon the
21	records of the secretary of state from the name of the applying
22	corporation; or
23	(2) the applicant delivers to the secretary of state a certified copy
.4	of a final judgment of a court of competent jurisdiction
2.5	establishing the applicant's right to use the name applied for in
22 23 24 25 26	Indiana.
27	(d) A foreign corporation may use in Indiana the name (including
28	the fictitious name) of another domestic or foreign corporation that is
.9	used in Indiana if the other corporation is incorporated or authorized to
0	transact business in Indiana and the foreign corporation:
1	(1) has merged with the other corporation;
2	(2) has been formed by reorganization of the other corporation; or
3	(3) has acquired all or substantially all of the assets, including the
4	corporate name, of the other corporation.
5	(e) If a foreign corporation authorized to transact business in Indiana
6	changes its corporate name to one that does not satisfy the
7	requirements of IC 23-1-23-1, it may not transact business in Indiana
8	under the changed name until it adopts a name satisfying the
9	requirements of IC 23-1-23-1 and obtains an amended certificate of
0	authority under section 4 of this chapter.
1	SECTION 19. IC 23-1-49-9 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
.2	FOLLOWS [FFFFCTIVE IIII V 1 2015]: Sec. 9 (a) The registered



1	agent of a foreign corporation may resign the agency appointment by
2	signing and delivering to the secretary of state for filing as described
3	in IC 23-1-18 a statement of resignation. The statement of resignation
4	may include a statement that the registered office is also discontinued.
5	(b) After filing the statement, the secretary of state shall attach the
6	filing receipt to one (1) copy and mail the copy and receipt to the
7	registered office if not discontinued. The secretary of state shall mail
8	one (1) copy to the foreign corporation at its principal office address
9	shown in its most recent annual biennial report.
10	(c) The agency appointment is terminated, and the registered office
11	discontinued if so provided, on the thirty-first day after the date on
12	which the statement was filed.
13	SECTION 20. IC 23-1-49-10 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
14	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 10. (a) The registered
15	agent of a foreign corporation authorized to transact business in Indiana
16	is the corporation's agent for service of process, notice, or demand
17	required or permitted by law to be served on the foreign corporation.
18	(b) A foreign corporation may be served by registered or certified
19	mail, return receipt requested, addressed to the secretary of the foreign
20	corporation or other executive officer, as that term is used in Trial Rule
21	4.6(A)(1), at its principal office shown in its application for a
22	certificate of authority or in its most recent annual biennial report if the
23	foreign corporation:
24	(1) has no registered agent or its registered agent cannot with
25	reasonable diligence be served;
26	(2) has withdrawn from transacting business in Indiana under
27	IC 23-1-50; or
28	(3) has had its certificate of authority revoked under IC 23-1-51-2.
29	(c) Service is perfected under subsection (b) at the earliest of:
30	(1) the date the foreign corporation receives the mail;
31	(2) the date shown on the return receipt, if signed on behalf of the
32	foreign corporation; or
33	(3) five (5) days after its deposit in the United States mail, if
34	mailed postpaid and correctly addressed.
35	(d) This section does not prescribe the only means, or necessarily
36	the required means, of serving a foreign corporation.
37	SECTION 21. IC 23-1-51-1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
38	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 1. The secretary of state
39	may commence a proceeding under section 2 of this chapter to revoke
40	the certificate of authority of a foreign corporation authorized to
41	transact business in Indiana if:
42	(1) the foreign corporation does not deliver its annual biennial



- report to the secretary of state within sixty (60) days after it is due;

  (2) the foreign corporation does not pay within sixty (60) days
  - (2) the foreign corporation does not pay within sixty (60) days after they are due any franchise taxes or penalties imposed by this article or other law;
  - (3) the foreign corporation is without a registered agent or registered office in Indiana for sixty (60) days or more;
  - (4) the foreign corporation does not inform the secretary of state under IC 23-1-49-8 or IC 23-1-49-9 that its registered agent or registered office has changed, that its registered agent has resigned, or that its registered office has been discontinued within sixty (60) days of the change, resignation, or discontinuance;
  - (5) an incorporator, director, officer, or agent of the foreign corporation signed a document the incorporator, director, officer, or agent knew was false in any material respect with intent that the document be delivered to the secretary of state for filing; or
  - (6) the secretary of state receives a duly authenticated certificate from the secretary of state or other official having custody of corporate records in the state or country under whose law the foreign corporation is incorporated stating that it has been dissolved or disappeared as the result of a merger.

SECTION 22. IC 23-1-51-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.63-2014, SECTION 7, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 2. (a) If the secretary of state determines that one (1) or more grounds exist under section 1 of this chapter for revocation of a certificate of authority, the secretary of state shall, under IC 23-1-49-10, serve the foreign corporation with written notice of the determination, unless the secretary of state:

- (1) receives a receipt showing failure of service of process upon the foreign corporation's registered agent at the address of the registered office; and
- (2) determines that the secretary of state's office has no record of the foreign corporation's principal office address.
- (b) If the foreign corporation does not correct each ground for revocation or demonstrate to the reasonable satisfaction of the secretary of state that each ground determined by the secretary of state does not exist within sixty (60) days after service of the notice is perfected under IC 23-1-49-10, the secretary of state may revoke the foreign corporation's certificate of authority by signing a certificate of revocation that recites the ground or grounds for revocation and its effective date. The secretary of state shall file the original of the certificate and serve a copy on the foreign corporation under



IC 23-1-49-10.

- (c) The authority of a foreign corporation to transact business in Indiana ceases on the date shown on the certificate revoking its certificate of authority.
- (d) The secretary of state's revocation of a foreign corporation's certificate of authority appoints the secretary of state the foreign corporation's agent for service of process in any proceeding based on a cause of action that arose during the time the foreign corporation was authorized to transact business in Indiana. Service of process on the secretary of state under this subsection is service on the foreign corporation. Upon receipt of process, the secretary of state shall mail a copy of the process to the secretary of the foreign corporation at its principal office shown in its most recent annual biennial report or in any subsequent communication received from the corporation stating the current mailing address of its principal office, or, if none are on file, in its application for a certificate of authority.
- (e) Revocation of a foreign corporation's certificate of authority does not terminate the authority of the registered agent of the corporation.

SECTION 23. IC 23-1-52-1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 1. (a) A corporation shall keep as permanent records minutes of all meetings of its shareholders and board of directors, a record of all actions taken by the shareholders or board of directors without a meeting, and a record of all actions taken by a committee of the board of directors in place of the board of directors on behalf of the corporation.

- (b) A corporation shall maintain appropriate accounting records.
- (c) A corporation or its agent shall maintain a record of its shareholders, in a form that permits preparation of a list of the names and addresses of all shareholders, in alphabetical order by class of shares showing the number and class of shares held by each.
- (d) A corporation shall maintain its records in written form or in another form capable of conversion into written form within a reasonable time.
- (e) A corporation shall keep a copy of the following records at its principal office:
  - (1) Its articles or restated articles of incorporation and all amendments to them currently in effect.
  - (2) Its bylaws or restated bylaws and all amendments to them currently in effect.
  - (3) Resolutions adopted by its board of directors with respect to one (1) or more classes or series of shares and fixing their relative rights, preferences, and limitations, if shares issued pursuant to



those resolutions are outstanding.

- (4) The minutes of all shareholders' meetings, and records of all action taken by shareholders without a meeting, for the past three (3) years.
- (5) All written communications to shareholders generally within the past three (3) years, including the financial statements furnished for the past three (3) years under IC 23-1-53-1.
- (6) A list of the names and business addresses of its current directors and officers.
- (7) Its most recent annual biennial report delivered to the secretary of state under IC 23-1-53-3.

SECTION 24. IC 23-2-2.5-45 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 45. In connection with the administration and enforcement of the provisions of this chapter, it is hereby made the duty of the attorney general of Indiana to render all necessary assistance to the commissioner upon his the commissioner's request, and to that end the attorney general shall employ such legal and such other professional services as shall be necessary to adequately and fully perform such service under the direction of the commissioner as the demands of the securities division shall require, and any expenses so incurred by the attorney general for the purposes aforesaid shall be chargeable against and paid out of the securities division fund and if such fund is insufficient for the payment of such expenses and any expenses of the securities division incident to the administration of this chapter, then a sufficient sum of money for the payment of any such deficiency is hereby appropriated annually out of any money received by the secretary of state as fees for the incorporation and for the filing of the annual biennial reports of corporations.

SECTION 25. IC 23-4-1-45.3 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 45.3. (a) A person may reserve the exclusive right to the use of a name including a fictitious name for a foreign limited liability partnership whose name is not available, by delivering an application to the secretary of state for filing. The application must set forth the name and address of the applicant and the name proposed to be reserved. If the secretary of state finds that the name is available, the secretary of state shall reserve the name for the exclusive use of the applicant for renewable one hundred twenty (120) day periods.

(b) The owner of a reserved name may transfer the reservation to another person by delivering to the secretary of state a signed notice of the transfer that states the name and address of the transferee.

SECTION 26. IC 23-4-1-45.4 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE JULY



1	1, 2013]. Sec. 43.4. (a) A foreign minited hability partnership may
2	register its name, or its name with any addition required by section 45
3	of this chapter, if the name is distinguishable upon the records of the
4	secretary of state as provided in section 45 of this chapter.
5	(b) A foreign limited liability partnership registers its name, or its
6	name with any addition required by section 45 of this chapter, by
7	delivering to the secretary of state for filing an application setting forth:
8	(1) its name, or its name with any addition required by section 45
9	of this chapter; and
10	(2) the state or country and date of its formation.
11	(c) The name is registered for the applicant's exclusive use upon the
12	effective date of the application.
13	(d) A foreign limited liability partnership whose registration is
14	effective may renew the registration for successive years by delivering
15	to the secretary of state for filing a renewal application that complies
16	with subsection (b). The renewal application must be filed between
17	October 1 and December 31 of the preceding year. The filing of the
18	renewal application renews the registration for the following ealendar
19	<del>year.</del>
20	(e) A foreign limited liability partnership whose registration is
21	effective may thereafter qualify as a foreign limited liability partnership
22	under that name or consent in writing to the use of that name by a
23	limited liability partnership thereafter formed under this article or by
24	another foreign limited liability partnership thereafter authorized to
25	transact business in Indiana. The registration terminates when the
26	domestic limited liability partnership is formed or the foreign limited
27	liability partnership qualifies or consents to the qualification of another
28	foreign limited liability partnership under the registered name.
29	SECTION 27. IC 23-4-1-45.5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
30	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 45.5. The secretary of
31	state shall collect the following fees when the documents described in
32	this chapter are delivered to the secretary of state for filing:
33	(1) Application for reservation of name \$20
34	(2) Application for renewal of reservation \$20
35	(3) Notice of transfer of reserved name \$20
36	(4) Application of registered name \$30
37	(5) Application for renewal of registered name \$30
38	SECTION 28. IC 23-4-1-45.6 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
39	CODE AS A <b>NEW</b> SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
40	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 45.6. (a) A limited liability
41	partnership may correct a document filed with the secretary of



state if:

1	(1) the document contains an incorrect statement or an
2	inaccuracy;
3	(2) the document was defectively signed, attested, sealed,
4	verified, or acknowledged; or
5	(3) the electronic transmission of the document was defective.
6	(b) A document is corrected:
7	(1) by preparing articles of correction that:
8	(A) describe the document, including its filing date, or
9	attach a copy of the document to the articles;
10	(B) specify the incorrect statement or inaccuracy and
11	reason it is incorrect or inaccurate or the manner in which
12	the execution was defective; and
13	(C) correct the incorrect statement, inaccuracy, or
14	defective execution; and
15	(2) by delivering the articles of correction to the secretary of
16	state for filing.
17	(c) Articles of correction are effective on the effective date of the
18	document that they correct except as to persons reasonably relying
19	on the uncorrected document and adversely affected by the
20	correction. As to those persons, articles of correction are effective
21	when filed or when the reliance ceased to be reasonable, whichever
22	first occurs.
23	SECTION 29. IC 23-4-1-51 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
24	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 51. (1) A registered
25	agent may resign the agency appointment by signing and delivering to
26	the secretary of state for filing the signed original and two (2) exact or
27	conformed copies of a statement of resignation. The statement may
28	include a statement that the registered office is also discontinued.
29	(2) After filing the statement, the secretary of state shall mail one
30	(1) a copy to the limited liability partnership or foreign limited liability
31	partnership at the partnership's principal office and the other another
32	copy to the registered office, if the registered office has not been
33	discontinued.
34	(3) The agency appointment is terminated and the registered office
35	discontinued, if discontinued under the statement, thirty-one (31) days
36	after the statement was filed.
37	(4) A limited liability partnership or foreign limited liability
38	partnership notified under paragraph (2) shall notify the secretary of
39	state of a new registered agent and provide a new registered office not
40	
40	later than the end of the thirty-first day under paragraph (3).
	SECTION 30. IC 23-5-1-11 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
42	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 11. (a) Any business



trust, domestic or foreign, which has obtained authority under this chapter to transact business in Indiana may surrender its said authority at any time by:

- (1) filing in the office of the secretary of state a file-marked copy of a resolution duly adopted by its trustees declaring its intention to withdraw, accompanied by a withdrawal fee of thirteen dollars (\$13);
- (2) recording a copy thereof in the office of the county recorder of the county in which the principal office of said business trust in this state is located; and
- (3) filing all annual biennial reports and paying all annual fees required by section 10.1 of this chapter and not theretofore filed and paid.
- (b) During a period of five (5) years following the effective date of such withdrawal, the business trust shall nevertheless be entitled to convey and dispose of its property and assets in this state, settle and close out its business in this state, and perform any other act or acts pertinent to the liquidation of its business, property, and assets in this state, and to prosecute and defend all suits filed prior to the expiration of said five (5) year period involving causes of action prior to the effective date of such withdrawal or arising out of any action or transactions occurring during said five (5) year period in the course of the liquidation of its business, property, or assets. The withdrawal of a business trust as provided in this section shall have no effect upon any suit filed by or against it prior to the expiration of said five (5) year period until such suit has been finally determined or otherwise finally concluded and all judgments, orders, and decrees entered therein have been fully executed, even though such final determination, conclusion, or execution occurs after the expiration of said five (5) year period.
- (c) With respect to a foreign business trust, withdrawal under this section shall not affect its written consent to be sued in the courts of this state, or the jurisdiction over public foreign business trusts of the courts of this state, with respect to any cause of action which arose prior to the effective date of its withdrawal.

SECTION 31. IC 23-15-6-1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 1. This chapter applies to a corporation organized in Indiana, or doing business in Indiana, regardless of the law under which it was incorporated or admitted to do business in Indiana and whether or not it is required to file an annual or biennial report with any other governmental agency, if the corporation is not required to file an annual or a biennial report with the secretary of state under other provisions of this title.



1	SECTION 32. IC 23-15-6-2 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
2	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 2. A corporation
3	subject to this chapter shall deliver to the secretary of state for filing
4	(1) an annual report; or
5	(2) a biennial report if the corporation is a domestic corporation
6	organized for profit;
7	that contains the information required by IC 23-1-53-3 or
8	IC 23-17-27-8.
9	SECTION 33. IC 23-15-6-3 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
10	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 3. Annual or Biennial
11	reports required by this chapter must be delivered at the same times as
12	those set forth in IC 23-1-53-3 <b>or IC 23-17-27-8.</b>
13	SECTION 34. IC 23-15-6-4 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
14	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 4. If an annual or a
15	biennial report does not contain the information required by this
16	chapter, the secretary of state shall promptly notify the reporting
17	corporation in writing and return the report to it for correction. If the
18	report is corrected to contain the information required by this section
19	and delivered to the secretary of state within thirty (30) days after the
20	effective date of notice, it is deemed to be timely filed.
21	SECTION 35. IC 23-15-6-5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
22	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 5. (a) The secretary of
23	state may commence a proceeding under this section to
24	administratively dissolve a corporation incorporated under Indiana law
25	if the corporation does not deliver its annual or biennial report to the
26	secretary of state within sixty (60) days after it is due.
27	(b) The procedure for administrative dissolution under this section
28	is the same as that set forth in IC 23-1-46-2 <b>and IC 23-17-23-2.</b>
29	(c) The procedure for reinstatement after an administrative
30	dissolution under this section is the same as that set forth in
31	IC 23-1-46-3 and IC 23-17-23-3.
32	(d) The procedures for denial and appeal of a denial of
33	reinstatement under this section are the same as those set forth in
34	IC 23-1-46-4 and IC 23-17-23-4.
35	SECTION 36. IC 23-15-6-6 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
36	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 6. (a) The secretary of
37	state may commence a proceeding under this section to revoke the
38	certificate of authority of a corporation admitted to do business in
39	Indiana if the corporation does not deliver its annual biennial report to
40	the secretary of state within (60) days after it is due.
41	(b) The procedure for revocation of a certificate of authority under

this section is the same as that set forth in IC 23-1-51-2 and



1	IC 23-17-26-13.
2	(c) The procedure for appeal of a revocation under this section is the
3	same as that set forth in IC 23-1-51-3 and IC 23-17-26-14.
4	SECTION 37. IC 23-16-2-1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
5	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 1. (a) The name of each
6	limited partnership as set forth in its certificate of limited partnership:
7	(1) must contain the words "limited partnership" or the
8	abbreviation "L.P.";
9	(2) may not contain the name of a limited partner unless:
10	(A) it is also the name of a general partner or the corporate
11	name of a corporate general partner; or
12	(B) the business of the limited partnership had been carried on
13	under that name before the admission of that limited partner;
14	(3) may not contain any word or phrase indicating or implying
15	that it is organized other than for a purpose stated in its
16	partnership agreement; and
17	(4) except as provided in subsection (b), must be such as to
18	distinguish it upon the records in the office of the secretary of
19	state from the name of any limited partnership or other business
20	entity reserved <del>registered,</del> or organized under the laws of Indiana
21	or qualified to do business or registered as a foreign limited
22	partnership in Indiana.
23	(b) A limited partnership may apply to the secretary of state to use
24	a name that is not distinguishable upon the secretary of state's records
25	from one (1) or more of the names described in subsection (a). The
26	secretary of state shall authorize use of the name applied for if:
27	(1) the other domestic or foreign limited partnership or other
28	business entity files its written consent to the use of its name,
29	signed by any current general partner of the other limited
30	partnership and verified subject to the penalties for perjury; or
31	(2) the applicant delivers to the secretary of state a certified copy
32	of a final court judgment establishing the applicant's right to use
33	the name applied for in Indiana.
34	SECTION 38. IC 23-16-2-2 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
35	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 2. (a) A person may
36	reserve the exclusive right to the use of a name including a fictitious
37	name by a foreign limited partnership whose name is not available, by
38	delivering an application to the secretary of state for filing. The
39	application must set forth the name and address of the applicant and the
40	name proposed to be reserved. If the secretary of state finds that the
40	* *
41	name is available, the secretary of state shall reserve the name for the

exclusive use of the applicant for renewable one hundred twenty (120)



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1	day periods.
2	(b) The owner of a reserved name may transfer to another person by
3	delivering to the secretary of state a signed notice of the transfer that
4	states the name and address of the transferee.
5	SECTION 39. IC 23-16-2-2.5 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE JULY
6	1, 2015]. Sec. 2.5. (a) A foreign limited partnership may register its
7	name, or its name with any addition required by section 1 of this
8	chapter, if the name is distinguishable upon the records of the secretary
9	of state as provided in section 1 of this chapter.
10	(b) A foreign limited partnership registers its name, or its name with
11	any addition required by section 1 of this chapter, by delivering to the
12	secretary of state for filing an application setting forth:
13	(1) its name, or its name with any addition required by section 1
14	of this chapter; and
15	(2) the state or country and date of its formation.
16	(e) The name is registered for the applicant's exclusive use upon the
17	effective date of the application.
18	(d) A foreign limited partnership whose registration is effective may
19	renew the registration for successive years by delivering to the
20	secretary of state for filing a renewal application that complies with
21	subsection (b). The renewal application must be filed between October
22	1 and December 31 of the preceding year. The filing of the renewal
23	application renews the registration for the following calendar year.
24	(e) A foreign limited partnership whose registration is effective may
25	thereafter register as a foreign limited partnership under that name or
26	consent in writing to the use of that name by a limited partnership
27	thereafter formed under this article or by another foreign limited
28	partnership thereafter authorized to transact business in Indiana. The
29	registration terminates when the domestic limited partnership is formed
30	or the foreign limited partnership registers or consents to the
31	registration of another foreign limited partnership under the registered
32	<del>name.</del>
33	SECTION 40. IC 23-16-2-4 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
34	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 4. (a) A registered
35	agent may resign the agency appointment by signing and delivering to
36	the secretary of state for filing the signed original and two (2) exact or
37	<del>conformed copies of a statement of resignation.</del>

- (b) After filing the statement, the secretary of state shall mail one (1) copy to the limited partnership at the office referred to in section 3(a)(1) of this chapter.
- (c) The agency appointment is terminated on the thirty-first day after the date on which the statement was filed.



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SECTION 41. IC 23-16-3-3.1 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 3.1. (a) A foreign limited partnership may correct a document filed with the secretary of state if:  (1) the document contains an incorrect statement or an inaccuracy; (2) the document was defectively signed, attested, sealed, verified, or acknowledged; or (3) the electronic transmission of the document was defective. (b) A document is corrected: (1) by preparing articles of correction that: (A) describe the document, including its filing date, or attach a copy of the document or inaccuracy and the reason it is incorrect or inaccurate or the manner in which the execution was defective; and (C) correct the incorrect statement, inaccuracy, or defective execution; and (2) by delivering the articles of correction to the secretary of state for filing. (c) Articles of correction are effective on the effective date of the document they correct except as to persons reasonably relying on the uncorrected document and adversely affected by the correction. As to those persons, articles of correction are effective when filed or when the reliance ceased to be reasonable, whichever first occurs.  SECTION 42. IC 23-16-3-7 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 7. (a) The original signed copy (together with a duplicate copy; which may be either a signed or conformed copy) of the certificate of limited partnership, of any certificates of amendment or cancellation (or of any judicial decree of amendment or cancellation), and of any restated certificate shall be delivered to the secretary of state. A person who executes a certificate as an agent or fiduciary need not exhibit evidence of the person's authority as a prerequisite to filing. Unless the secretary of state finds that a certificate does not conform to law, upon receipt of all filing fees required by law, the secretary of state shall:  (1) endorse on the original and each copy the word "filed" and the date and time of the filing;		
[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 3.1. (a) A foreign limited partnership may correct a document filed with the secretary of state if:  (1) the document contains an incorrect statement or an inaccuracy; (2) the document was defectively signed, attested, sealed, verified, or acknowledged; or (3) the electronic transmission of the document was defective. (b) A document is corrected: (1) by preparing articles of correction that: (A) describe the document, including its filing date, or attach a copy of the document or inaccuracy and the reason it is incorrect or inaccurate or the manner in which the execution was defective; and (C) correct the incorrect statement, inaccuracy, or defective execution; and (2) by delivering the articles of correction to the secretary of state for filing. (c) Articles of correction are effective on the effective date of the document they correct except as to persons reasonably relying on the uncorrected document and adversely affected by the correction. As to those persons, articles of correction are effective when filed or when the reliance ceased to be reasonable, whichever first occurs.  SECTION 42. IC 23-16-3-7 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 7. (a) The original signed copy (together with a duplicate copy; which may be either a signed or conformed copy) of the certificate of limited partnership, of any certificates of amendment or cancellation (or of any judicial decree of amendment or cancellation, and of any restated certificate shall be delivered to the secretary of state. A person who executes a certificate as an agent or fiduciary need not exhibit evidence of the person's authority as a prerequisite to filing. Unless the secretary of state finds that a certificate does not conform to law, upon receipt of all filing fees required by law, the secretary of state shall:  (1) endorse on the original and each copy the word "filed" and the date and time of the filing;	1	SECTION 41. IC 23-16-3-3.1 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
partnership may correct a document filed with the secretary of state if:  (1) the document contains an incorrect statement or an inaccuracy;  (2) the document was defectively signed, attested, sealed, verified, or acknowledged; or  (3) the electronic transmission of the document was defective.  (b) A document is corrected:  (1) by preparing articles of correction that:  (A) describe the document, including its filing date, or attach a copy of the document to the articles;  (B) specify the incorrect statement or inaccuracy and the reason it is incorrect or inaccurate or the manner in which the execution was defective; and  (C) correct the incorrect statement, inaccuracy, or defective execution; and  (2) by delivering the articles of correction to the secretary of state for filing.  (c) Articles of correction are effective on the effective date of the document they correct except as to persons reasonably relying on the uncorrected document and adversely affected by the correction. As to those persons, articles of correction are effective when filed or when the reliance ceased to be reasonable, whichever first occurs.  SECTION 42. IC 23-16-3-7 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 7. (a) The original signed copy (together with a duplicate copy; which may be either a signed or conformed copy) of the certificate of limited partnership, of any certificates of amendment or cancellation (or of any judicial decree of amendment or cancellation), and of any restated certificate shall be delivered to the secretary of state. A person who executes a certificate as an agent or fiduciary need not exhibit evidence of the person's authority as a prerequisite to filing. Unless the secretary of state finds that a certificate does not conform to law, upon receipt of all filing fees required by law, the secretary of state shall:  (1) endorse on the original and each copy the word "filed" and the date and time of the filing;	2	CODE AS A <b>NEW</b> SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
partnership may correct a document filed with the secretary of state if:  (1) the document contains an incorrect statement or an inaccuracy;  (2) the document was defectively signed, attested, sealed, verified, or acknowledged; or  (3) the electronic transmission of the document was defective.  (b) A document is corrected:  (1) by preparing articles of correction that:  (A) describe the document, including its filing date, or attach a copy of the document to the articles;  (B) specify the incorrect statement or inaccuracy and the reason it is incorrect or inaccurate or the manner in which the execution was defective; and  (C) correct the incorrect statement, inaccuracy, or defective execution; and  (2) by delivering the articles of correction to the secretary of state for filing.  (c) Articles of correction are effective on the effective date of the document they correct except as to persons reasonably relying on the uncorrected document and adversely affected by the correction. As to those persons, articles of correction are effective when filed or when the reliance ceased to be reasonable, whichever first occurs.  SECTION 42. IC 23-16-3-7 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 7. (a) The original signed copy (together with a duplicate copy; which may be either a signed or conformed copy) of the certificate of limited partnership, of any certificates of amendment or cancellation (or of any judicial decree of amendment or cancellation), and of any restated certificate shall be delivered to the secretary of state. A person who executes a certificate as an agent or fiduciary need not exhibit evidence of the person's authority as a prerequisite to filing. Unless the secretary of state finds that a certificate does not conform to law, upon receipt of all filing fees required by law, the secretary of state shall:  (1) endorse on the original and each copy the word "filed" and the date and time of the filing;	3	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 3.1. (a) A foreign limited
(1) the document contains an incorrect statement or an inaccuracy; (2) the document was defectively signed, attested, sealed, verified, or acknowledged; or (3) the electronic transmission of the document was defective. (b) A document is corrected: (1) by preparing articles of correction that: (A) describe the document, including its filing date, or attach a copy of the document to the articles; (B) specify the incorrect statement or inaccuracy and the reason it is incorrect or inaccurate or the manner in which the execution was defective; and (C) correct the incorrect statement, inaccuracy, or defective execution; and (2) by delivering the articles of correction to the secretary of state for filing. (c) Articles of correction are effective on the effective date of the document they correct except as to persons reasonably relying on the uncorrected document and adversely affected by the correction. As to those persons, articles of correction are effective when filed or when the reliance ceased to be reasonable, whichever first occurs.  SECTION 42. IC 23-16-3-7 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 7. (a) The original signed copy (together with a duplicate copy; which may be either a signed or conformed copy) of the certificate of limited partnership, of any certificates of amendment or cancellation (or of any judicial decree of amendment or cancellation), and of any restated certificate shall be delivered to the secretary of state. A person who executes a certificate as an agent or fiduciary need not exhibit evidence of the person's authority as a prerequisite to filing. Unless the secretary of state finds that a certificate does not conform to law, upon receipt of all filing fees required by law, the secretary of state shall:  (1) endorse on the original and each copy the word "filed" and the date and time of the filing;	4	
inaccuracy; (2) the document was defectively signed, attested, sealed, verified, or acknowledged; or (3) the electronic transmission of the document was defective. (b) A document is corrected: (1) by preparing articles of correction that: (A) describe the document, including its filing date, or attach a copy of the document to the articles; (B) specify the incorrect statement or inaccuracy and the reason it is incorrect or inaccurate or the manner in which the execution was defective; and (C) correct the incorrect statement, inaccuracy, or defective execution; and (2) by delivering the articles of correction to the secretary of state for filing. (c) Articles of correction are effective on the effective date of the document they correct except as to persons reasonably relying on the uncorrected document and adversely affected by the correction. As to those persons, articles of correction are effective when filed or when the reliance ceased to be reasonable, whichever first occurs.  SECTION 42. IC 23-16-3-7 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 7. (a) The original signed copy (together with a duplicate copy; which may be either a signed or conformed copy) of the certificate of limited partnership, of any certificates of amendment or cancellation (or of any judicial decree of amendment or cancellation), and of any restated certificate shall be delivered to the secretary of state. A person who executes a certificate as an agent or fiduciary need not exhibit evidence of the person's authority as a prerequisite to filing. Unless the secretary of state finds that a certificate does not conform to law, upon receipt of all filing fees required by law, the secretary of state shall:  (1) endorse on the original and each copy the word "filed" and the date and time of the filing;	5	state if:
inaccuracy; (2) the document was defectively signed, attested, sealed, verified, or acknowledged; or (3) the electronic transmission of the document was defective. (b) A document is corrected: (1) by preparing articles of correction that: (A) describe the document, including its filing date, or attach a copy of the document to the articles; (B) specify the incorrect statement or inaccuracy and the reason it is incorrect or inaccurate or the manner in which the execution was defective; and (C) correct the incorrect statement, inaccuracy, or defective execution; and (2) by delivering the articles of correction to the secretary of state for filing. (c) Articles of correction are effective on the effective date of the document they correct except as to persons reasonably relying on the uncorrected document and adversely affected by the correction. As to those persons, articles of correction are effective when filed or when the reliance ceased to be reasonable, whichever first occurs.  SECTION 42. IC 23-16-3-7 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 7. (a) The original signed copy (together with a duplicate copy; which may be either a signed or conformed copy) of the certificate of limited partnership, of any certificates of amendment or cancellation (or of any judicial decree of amendment or cancellation), and of any restated certificate shall be delivered to the secretary of state. A person who executes a certificate as an agent or fiduciary need not exhibit evidence of the person's authority as a prerequisite to filing. Unless the secretary of state finds that a certificate does not conform to law, upon receipt of all filing fees required by law, the secretary of state shall:  (1) endorse on the original and each copy the word "filed" and the date and time of the filing;	6	(1) the document contains an incorrect statement or an
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date and time of the filing;		
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	41	(2) file the original certificate; and



(3) return the copy to the person who filed it or to that person's

1	representative. deliver the filed document to the limited
2	partnership or its representative.
3	(b) In the absence of fraud an endorsement by the secretary of state
4	under subsection (a) is conclusive evidence of the date and time of the
5	filing of the certificate.
6	(c) Upon the filing of a certificate of amendment (or judicial decree
7	of amendment) or a restated certificate in the office of the secretary of
8	state, or upon the effective date or time provided for in a certificate of
9	amendment (or judicial decree of amendment) or a restated certificate,
10	the certificate of limited partnership is amended or restated as set forth
11	in the certificate of amendment or restated certificate. Upon the filing
12	of a certificate of cancellation (or a judicial decree of cancellation), or
13	upon the effective date or time of a certificate of cancellation (or a
14	judicial decree thereof), the certificate of limited partnership is
15	cancelled. canceled.
16	SECTION 43. IC 23-16-3-7.1 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
17	CODE AS A <b>NEW</b> SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
18	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 7.1. (a) A limited partnership
19	may correct a document filed with the secretary of state if:
20	(1) the document contains an incorrect statement or an
21	inaccuracy;
22	(2) the document was defectively signed, attested, sealed,
23	verified, or acknowledged; or
24	(3) the electronic transmission of the document was defective.
25	(b) A document is corrected:
26	(1) by preparing articles of correction that:
27	(A) describe the document, including its filing date, or
28	attach a copy of the document to the articles;
29	(B) specify the incorrect statement or inaccuracy and the
30	reason it is incorrect or inaccurate or the manner in which
31	the execution was defective; and
32	(C) correct the incorrect statement, inaccuracy, or
33	defective execution; and
34	(2) by delivering the articles of correction to the secretary of
35	state for filing.
36	(c) Articles of correction are effective on the effective date of the
37	document they correct except as to persons reasonably relying on
38	the uncorrected document and adversely affected by the
39	correction. As to those persons, articles of correction are effective
40	when filed or when the reliance ceased to be reasonable, whichever
41	first occurs.

SECTION 44. IC 23-16-10-2 IS AMENDED TO READ AS



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FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 2. (a) Before
transacting business in Indiana, a foreign limited partnership shall
register with the secretary of state. In order to register, a foreign limited
partnership must submit to the secretary of state an original copy
executed by a general partner together with a duplicate copy, of an
application for registration as a foreign limited partnership, signed and
sworn to under penalties for perjury by a general partner. The
application must set forth the following:

- (1) The name of the foreign limited partnership and, if different, the name under which it proposes to register and transact business in Indiana.
- (2) The state, territory, possession, foreign country, or other jurisdiction where the limited partnership was organized, the date of its formation and a statement signed by a general partner that, as of the date of filing, the foreign limited partnership validly exists as a limited partnership under the laws of the jurisdiction of its organization.
- (3) The nature of the business or purpose to be promoted in Indiana.
- (4) The name and address of the registered agent for service of process required under section 4 of this chapter.
- (5) The name and business address, residence address, or mailing address of each general partner.
- (6) The date on which the foreign limited partnership first transacted, or intends to transact, business in Indiana.
- (7) The address of the office at which is kept a list of the names and addresses of the limited partners and the capital contributions of each, together with a statement by the foreign limited partnership that it will keep those records until the foreign limited partnership's registration in Indiana is cancelled. canceled.
- (b) The following activities, among others, do not constitute transacting business within the meaning of subsection (a):
  - (1) Maintaining, defending, or settling any proceeding.
  - (2) Holding meetings of the partners or carrying on other activities concerning internal partnership affairs.
  - (3) Maintaining bank accounts.
  - (4) Maintaining offices or agencies for the transfer, exchange, and registration of the partnership's own securities or maintaining trustees or depositaries with respect to those securities.
  - (5) Selling through independent contractors.
- (6) Soliciting or obtaining orders, whether by mail or through employees or agents or otherwise, if the orders require acceptance



1	outside Indiana before they become contracts.
2	(7) Creating or acquiring indebtedness, mortgages, and security
3	interests in real or personal property.
4	(8) Securing or collecting debts or enforcing mortgages and
5	security interests in property securing the debts.
6	(9) Owning, without more, real or personal property.
7	(10) Conducting an isolated transaction that is completed within
8	thirty (30) days and that is not one (1) of a course of repeated
9	transactions of a like nature.
10	(11) Transacting business in interstate commerce.
11	(c) Service of legal process upon any foreign limited partnership
12	shall be made as provided in IC 23-16-2-3, except the secretary of state
13	is the agent for service of process for a foreign limited partnership
14	transacting business in Indiana without registration.
15	SECTION 45. IC 23-16-10-3 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
16	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 3. (a) If the secretary
17	of state finds that an application for registration conforms to law and
18	all requisite fees have been paid, the secretary of state shall do the
19	following:
20	(1) Endorse on the application the word "filed", and the date and
21	time of the filing. This endorsement is conclusive evidence of the
22	date and time of its filing in the absence of fraud.
23	(2) File the original application.
24	(3) Issue a certificate of registration to transact business in
25	Indiana.
26	(4) Deliver the filed document to the foreign limited
27	partnership or its representative.
28	(b) The certificate of registration, together with a copy of the
29	application, shall be returned to the person who filed the application or
30	to that person's representative.
31	SECTION 46. IC 23-16-10-4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.63-2014,
32	SECTION 16, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
33	JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 4. (a) Except as provided in subsection (b), a
34	foreign limited partnership may register with the secretary of state
35	under any name (whether or not it is the name under which it is
36	registered in the jurisdiction of its organization) that:
37	(1) includes the words "limited partnership" or the abbreviation
38	"L.P."; and
39	(2) could be registered by a domestic limited partnership.
40	(b) A foreign limited partnership may apply to the secretary of state

(b) A foreign limited partnership may apply to the secretary of state

to use a name that is not distinguishable upon the secretary of state's

records from one (1) or more of the names described in subsection (a).



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1	The secretary of state shall authorize use of the name applied for if:
2	(1) the other domestic or foreign limited partnership files its
3	written consent to the use of its name, signed by any current
4	general partner of the other limited partnership and verified
5	subject to the penalties for perjury; or
6	(2) the applicant delivers to the secretary of state a certified copy
7	of a final court judgment establishing the applicant's right to use
8	the name applied for in Indiana.
9	(c) Each foreign limited partnership shall have and maintain:
10	(1) an office, which may be (but need not be) a place of its
11	business in Indiana; and
12	(2) a registered agent whose business address is in Indiana for
13	service of process on the foreign limited partnership, which may
14	be:
15	(A) an individual resident of Indiana; or
16	(B) a domestic corporation or a foreign corporation authorized
17	to transact business in Indiana.
18	(d) Each foreign limited partnership that qualifies after June 30.
19	2014, to do business in Indiana shall file with the secretary of state:
20	(1) the registered agent's written consent; or
21	(2) a representation that the registered agent has consented.
22	(e) Each foreign limited partnership qualified to do business in
23	Indiana shall provide to the foreign limited partnership's registered
24	agent, and update from time to time as necessary, the name, business
25	address, and business telephone number of a natural person who is:
26	(1) an officer, a director, an employee, or a designated agent of
27	the foreign limited partnership; and
28	(2) authorized to receive communications from the registered
29	agent.
30	The natural person is considered to be the communications contact for
31	the foreign limited partnership.
32	(f) A registered agent shall retain, in paper or electronic form, the
33	information provided by a foreign limited partnership under subsection
34	(e).
35	(g) If a foreign limited partnership fails to provide the registered
36	agent with the information required under subsection (e), the registered
37	agent may resign, as provided in subsection (j), as the registered agent
38	for the foreign limited partnership.
39	(h) A foreign limited partnership may change its registered agent by
40	delivering to the secretary of state for filing a statement containing the
41	following:
42	(1) The name of the foreign limited partnership.
7∠	(1) The name of the foleign inflited partifership.



(2) The name of its current registered agent.

- (3) The name and business address of the new registered agent and the new agent's consent to the appointment (either on the statement or attached to it).
- (i) If a registered agent changes the address of the registered agent's business office, the registered agent must notify the foreign limited partnership in writing of the change, and sign and deliver to the secretary of state for filing a statement that complies with the requirements of subsection (h) and recites that the foreign limited partnership has been notified of the change.
- (j) A registered agent may resign the agency appointment by signing and delivering to the secretary of state for filing the signed original and two (2) exact or conformed copies of a statement of resignation. After filing the statement, the secretary of state shall mail one (1) copy to the partnership at the office referred to in subsection (c)(1). The agency appointment is terminated on the thirty-first day after the date on which the statement was filed.

SECTION 47. IC 23-16-12-4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.106-2008, SECTION 51, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 4. (a) The secretary of state shall collect the following fees when the documents described in this section are delivered by a domestic or foreign limited partnership to the secretary of state for filing:

Document	Electronic Filing Fee	Filing Fee (Other than electronic filing)
(1) Application for		ming)
reservation of name	\$10	\$20
(2) Application for use	•	,
of indistinguishable name	\$10	\$20
(3) Application for		
renewal of reservation	\$10	\$20
(4) Notice of transfer of reserved name	\$10	\$20
(5) Application of registered name	<del>\$20</del>	<del>\$30</del>
(6) Application for renewal		
of registered name	<del>\$20</del>	<del>\$30</del>
(7) (5) Certificate of change		
of registered agent's		
business address	No fee	No fee
(8) (6) Certificate of resignation of agen	nt No fee	No fee
(9) (7) Certificate of limited partnership	\$75	\$90



1	(10) (8) Certificate of amendment	\$20	\$30
2	(11) (9) Certificate of cancellation	\$75	\$90
3	(12) (10) Restated certificate of		
4	limited partnership or registration	\$20	\$30
5	(13) (11) Restated certificate of		
6	limited partnership or		
7	registration with amendments	\$20	\$30
8	(14) (12) Application for registration	\$75	\$90
9	(15) (13) Certificate of change of		
10	application	\$20	\$30
11	(16) (14) Certificate of cancellation of		
12	registration	\$20	\$30
13	(17) (15) Certificate of change		
14	of registered agent	No fee	No fee
15	(18) (16) Application for certificate		
16	of existence or authorization	\$15	\$15
17	(19) (17) Any other document required or		
18	permitted to be filed under this		
19	article, including an application		
20	for any other certificates or		
21	certification certificate (except		
22	for any such other certificates		
23	that the secretary of state may		
24	determine to issue without		
25	additional fee in connection with		
26	particular filings)	\$20	\$30
27	The secretary of state shall prescribe the e	electronic me	eans of filing

The secretary of state shall prescribe the electronic means of filing documents to which the electronic filing fees set forth in this section apply.

- (b) The secretary of state shall collect a fee of ten dollars (\$10) each time process is served on the secretary of state under this article. If the party to a proceeding causing service of process prevails in the proceeding, then that party is entitled to recover this fee as costs from the nonprevailing party.
- (c) The secretary of state shall collect the following fees for copying and certifying the copy of any filed document relating to a domestic or foreign limited partnership:
  - (1) Per page for copying \$ 1(2) For a certification stamp \$15

The fees under this subsection do not apply to any copies or certifications that are processed on the secretary of state's Internet web site.



1	SECTION 48. IC 23-16-12-5.1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.63-2014,
2	SECTION 17, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
3	JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 5.1. (a) For purposes of this article, a document
4	is delivered for filing if the document is transferred to the secretary of
5	state by hand, mail, or a form of electronic transmission meeting the
6	requirements established by the secretary of state.
7	(b) If a document is delivered for filing by hand or mail, the
8	document must be accompanied by:
9	(1) two (2) exact or conformed copies of a document filed under
10	<del>IC 23-16-2-4 or IC 23-16-10-4; or</del>
11	(2) one (1) exact or conformed copy of any other document filed
12	<del>under this</del> article.
13	SECTION 49. IC 23-17-2-21 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
14	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 21. "Principal office"
15	means the office, inside or outside of Indiana, designated in an annual
16	a biennial report filed under IC 23-17-27-8 where the principal offices
17	of a domestic or foreign corporation are located.
18	SECTION 50. IC 23-17-5-1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
19	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 1. (a) A corporate
20	name:
21	(1) must contain the word "corporation", "incorporated",
22	"company", or "limited" or the abbreviation "corp.", "inc.", "co.",
23	or "ltd.", or similar words or abbreviations in another language;
24	and
25	(2) except as provided in subsection (e), may not contain language
26	stating or implying that the corporation is organized for a purpose
27	other than a purpose permitted by this article and the corporation's
28	articles of incorporation.
29	(b) Except as authorized under subsections (c) and (d), a corporate
30	name must be distinguishable upon the records of the secretary of state
31	from the following:
32	(1) The corporate name of a nonprofit or business corporation
33	incorporated or authorized to do business in Indiana.
34	(2) A corporate name reserved <del>or registered</del> under section 2 <del>or 3</del>
35	of this chapter.
36	(3) The fictitious name of a foreign business or nonprofit
37	corporation authorized to transact business in Indiana because a
38	real name is unavailable.
39	(c) A corporation may apply to the secretary of state for
40	authorization to use a name that is not distinguishable upon the
	and the control of the angle and the first distinguished upon the

secretary of state's records from at least one (1) of the names described

in subsection (b). The secretary of state shall authorize use of the name



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1	applied for if:
2	(1) the other corporation consents to the use in writing; or
3	(2) the applicant delivers to the secretary of state a certified copy
4	of the final judgment of a court of competent jurisdiction
5	establishing the applicant's right to use the name applied for in
6	Indiana.
7	(d) A corporation may use the name of another domestic or foreign
8	business corporation that is used in Indiana if the other corporation is
9	incorporated or authorized to do business in Indiana and the proposed
10	user corporation:
11	(1) has merged with the other corporation;
12	(2) has been formed by reorganization of the other corporation; or
13	(3) has acquired all or substantially all of the assets, including the
14	corporate name, of the other corporation.
15	(e) Except as provided under IC 23-17-26-6, this article does not
16	control the use of fictitious names.
17	SECTION 51. IC 23-17-5-2 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
18	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 2. (a) A person may
19	reserve the exclusive use of a name including a fictitious name for a
20	foreign corporation whose name is not available, by delivering an
21	application to the secretary of state for filing. The application must set
22	forth the name and address of the applicant and the name proposed to
23	be reserved. If the secretary of state finds that the name applied for is
24	available, the secretary of state shall reserve the name for the
25	applicant's exclusive use for a one hundred twenty (120) day period.
26	(b) The owner of a reserved name may transfer the reservation to
27	another person by delivering to the secretary of state a signed notice of
28	the transfer that states the name and address of the transferee.
29	SECTION 52. IC 23-17-5-3 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE JULY 1,
30	2015]. Sec. 3. (a) A foreign corporation may register the foreign
31	corporation's:
32	(1) name; or
33	(2) name with any addition required under IC 23-17-26-6;
34	if the name is distinguishable upon the records of the secretary of state
35	as provided in section 1 of this chapter.
36	(b) A foreign corporation registers the foreign corporation's name,
37	with any addition required under IC 23-17-26-6, by delivering to the
38	secretary of state for filing an application setting forth:
39	(1) its name, or its name with any addition required by
40	IC 23-17-26-6; and
41	(2) the state or country and date of its incorporation.
42	(e) The name is registered for the applicant's exclusive use upon the



1	effective date of the application.
2	(d) A foreign corporation whose registration is effective may renew
3	the registration for successive years by delivering to the secretary of
4	state for filing a renewal application that complies with the
5	requirements of subsection (b) between October 1 and December 31 of
6	the preceding year. The renewal application renews the registration for
7	
8	the following year.
9	(e) A foreign corporation whose registration is effective may:
10	(1) qualify as a foreign corporation under that name; or
11	(2) consent in writing to the use of that name by:
	(A) a domestic corporation subsequently incorporated under
12	this article; or
13	(B) another foreign corporation subsequently authorized to
14	transact business in Indiana.
15	The registration terminates when the domestic corporation is
16	incorporated or the foreign corporation qualifies or consents to the
17	qualification of another foreign corporation under the registered name.
18	SECTION 53. IC 23-17-17-4 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
19	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 4. (a) Unless articles of
20	incorporation provide otherwise, a corporation's board of directors may
21	adopt at least one (1) amendment to the corporation's articles without
22	member approval to do the following:
23	(1) To extend the duration of the corporation that was
24	incorporated at a time when limited duration was required by law.
25	(2) To delete the names and addresses of the initial directors and
26	incorporators.
27	(3) To delete the name and address of the initial registered agent
28	or registered office if a statement of change is on file with the
29	secretary of state.
30	(4) To change the corporate name by substituting the word
31	"corporation", "incorporated", "company", "limited", or the
32	abbreviation "corp.", "inc.", "co.", or "ltd.", for a similar word or
33	abbreviation in the name or by adding, deleting, or changing a
34	geographical attribution to the name.
35	(5) To delete a mailing address if an annual a biennial report has
36	been filed with the secretary of state.
37	(6) To include a statement identifying the corporation as a public
38	benefit, mutual benefit, or religious corporation.
39	(7) To make any other change expressly permitted by this article
40	to be made by director action.
41	(b) If a corporation has no members, the corporation's incorporators

may, until directors have been chosen and then the corporation's board



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of directors, adopt amendments to the corporation's articles of
incorporation subject to any approval required under section 1 of this
chapter. The amendment must be approved by a majority of the
directors in office or, if the directors have not yet been chosen, by a
majority of the incorporators, at the time the amendment is adopted.
The corporation shall provide notice of a meeting at which an
amendment is to be voted upon. The notice must do the following:

- (1) Be in accordance with IC 23-17-15-3.
- (2) State that the purpose of the meeting is to consider a proposed amendment to the articles of incorporation.
- (3) Contain or be accompanied by a copy or summary of the amendment or state the general nature of the amendment.

SECTION 54. IC 23-17-17-9 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 9. (a) A corporation restating the corporation's articles of incorporation shall deliver to the secretary of state articles of restatement setting forth the name of the corporation and the text of the restated articles of incorporation together with a certificate setting forth the following:

- (1) Whether the restatement contains an amendment to the articles of incorporation requiring approval by the members or another person other than the board of directors and, if the restatement does not, that the board of directors adopted the restatement.
- (2) If the restatement contains an amendment to the articles of incorporation requiring approval by the members, the information required under section 7 of this chapter.
- (3) If the restatement contains an amendment to the articles of incorporation requiring approval by a person whose approval is required under section 1 of this chapter, a statement that the approval was obtained.
- (b) The restatement of articles of incorporation must include all statements required to be included in original articles of incorporation except that no statement is required to be made with respect to the following:
  - (1) The names and addresses of the incorporators or the initial or present registered office or agent.
  - (2) The mailing address of the corporation if an annual a biennial report has been filed with the secretary of state.
- (c) Duly adopted restated articles of incorporation supersede the original articles of incorporation and all amendments to the original articles of incorporation.
  - (d) The secretary of state may certify restated articles of



1	incorporation as the articles of incorporation currently in effect without
2	including the certificate information required under subsection (a).
3	SECTION 55. IC 23-17-23-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.92-2013,
4	SECTION 79, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
5	JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 1. The secretary of state may commence a
6	proceeding under section 2 of this chapter to administratively dissolve
7	a corporation if the following occur:
8	(1) The corporation does not pay within sixty (60) days after they
9	are due any taxes or penalties imposed by this article or other law.
10	(2) The corporation does not deliver the corporation's annual
11	biennial report to the secretary of state within sixty (60) days
12	after the report is due.
13	(3) The corporation is without a registered agent or registered
14	office in Indiana for at least sixty (60) days.
15	(4) The corporation does not notify the secretary of state within
16	sixty (60) days that the corporation's:
17	(A) registered agent or registered office has been changed;
18	(B) registered agent has resigned; or
19	(C) registered office has been discontinued.
20	(5) The corporation's period of duration, if any, stated in the
21	corporation's articles of incorporation expires.
22	(6) (5) The secretary receives credible evidence that the
23	corporation is engaged in:
24	(A) illegal activity; or
25	(B) activity not authorized by the corporation's articles of
26	incorporation.
27	SECTION 56. IC 23-17-26-6 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
28	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 6. (a) If the corporate
29	name of a foreign corporation does not satisfy the requirements of
30	IC 23-17-5-1, the foreign corporation may, to obtain or maintain a
31	certificate of authority to transact business in Indiana:
32	(1) add the word "corporation", "incorporated", "company", or
33	"limited" or the abbreviation "corp.", "inc.", "co.", or "ltd.", to the
34	foreign corporation's corporate name for use in Indiana; or
35	(2) use a fictitious name to transact business in Indiana if the
36	foreign corporation's real name is unavailable and the foreign
37	corporation delivers to the secretary of state for filing a copy of
38	the resolution of the foreign corporation's board of directors,
39	certified by the foreign corporation's secretary, adopting the
40	fictitious name.
41	(b) Except as authorized by subsections (c) and (d), the corporate
42	name, including a fictitious name, of a foreign corporation must be



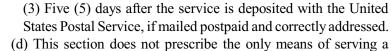
1	distinguishable upon the records of the secretary of state from the
2	following:
3	(1) The corporate name of a corporation incorporated or
4	authorized to transact business in Indiana under IC 23-1.
5	(2) A corporate name reserved <del>or registered</del> under IC 23-17-5-2
6	<del>IC 23-17-5-3,</del> <b>or</b> IC 23-1-23-2. <del>or</del> <del>IC 23-1-23-3.</del>
7	(3) The fictitious name of another foreign business or nonprofit
8	corporation authorized to transact business in Indiana.
9	(4) The name of a nonprofit entity organized or authorized to
10	transact business in Indiana.
11	(c) A foreign corporation may apply to the secretary of state for
12	authorization to use in Indiana the name of another corporation
13	incorporated or authorized to transact business in Indiana that is not
14	distinguishable upon the secretary of state's records from the name
15	applied for. The secretary of state shall authorize use of the name
16	applied for if:
17	(1) the other corporation consents to the use in writing and
18	submits an undertaking in a form satisfactory to the secretary of
19	state to change the other corporation's name to a name that is
20	distinguishable upon the records of the secretary of state from the
21	name of the applying corporation; or
22	(2) the applicant delivers to the secretary of state a certified copy
23	of a final judgment of a court of competent jurisdiction
24	establishing the applicant's right to use the name applied for in
25	Indiana.
26	(d) A foreign corporation may use in Indiana the name, including
27	the fictitious name, of another domestic or foreign corporation that is
28	used in Indiana if the other corporation is incorporated or authorized to
29	transact business in Indiana and the foreign corporation has:
30	(1) merged with the other corporation;
31	(2) been formed by reorganization of the other corporation; or
32	(3) acquired all or substantially all of the assets, including the
33	corporate name, of the other corporation.
34	(e) If a foreign corporation authorized to transact business in Indiana
35	changes the foreign corporation's corporate name to a name that does
36	not satisfy the requirements of IC 23-17-5-1, the foreign corporation
37	may not transact business in Indiana under the changed name until the
38	foreign corporation adopts a name satisfying the requirements of
39	IC 23-17-5-1 and obtains an amended certificate of authority under
40	section 4 of this chapter.
41	SECTION 57. IC 23-17-26-9 IS AMENDED TO READ AS

FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 9. (a) The registered



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agent of a foreign corporation may resign the agency appointment by
signing and delivering to the secretary of state for filing as described
in IC 23-17-29 a statement of resignation. The statement of resignation
may include a statement that the registered office is also discontinued.
(b) After filing the statement, the secretary of state shall attach the
filing receipt to one (1) copy and mail the a copy and receipt to the
registered office if not discontinued. The secretary of state shall mail
one (1) copy to the foreign corporation at the foreign corporation's
principal office address shown in the foreign corporation's most recent
annual biennial report.
(c) The agency appointment is terminated, and the registered office
discontinued if so provided, thirty-one (31) days after the date on which
the statement was filed.
SECTION 58. IC 23-17-26-10 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 10. (a) The registered
agent of a foreign corporation authorized to transact business in Indiana
is the foreign corporation's agent for service of process, notice, or
demand required or permitted by law to be served on the foreign
corporation.
(b) A foreign corporation may be served by registered or certified
mail, return receipt requested, addressed to the secretary of the foreign
corporation or other executive officer under Trial Rule $4.6(A)(1)$ at the
foreign corporation's principal office shown in the foreign corporation's
application for a certificate of authority or in the foreign corporation's
most recent annual biennial report filed if the foreign corporation:
(1) does not have a registered agent or the foreign corporation's
registered agent cannot with reasonable diligence be served;
(2) has withdrawn from transacting business in Indiana under
section 11 of this chapter; or
(3) has had the foreign corporation's certificate of authority
revoked under section 13 of this chapter.
(c) Service is perfected under subsection (b) the earliest of the
following:
(1) The date the foreign corporation receives the mail.



the foreign corporation.

foreign corporation. SECTION 59. IC 23-17-26-12 IS AMENDED TO READ AS

(2) The date shown on the return receipt, if signed on behalf of

FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 12. The secretary of



1	state may commence a proceeding under IC 23-17-23-2 to revoke the
2	certificate of authority of a foreign corporation authorized to transact
3	business in Indiana if any of the following conditions exists:
4	(1) The foreign corporation does not deliver the annual biennial
5	report to the secretary of state within sixty (60) days after the
6	report is due.
7	(2) The foreign corporation is without a registered agent or
8	registered office in Indiana for at least sixty (60) days.
9	(3) The foreign corporation does not inform the secretary of state
10	under section 8 or 9 of this chapter that the foreign corporation's:
l 1	(A) registered agent or registered office has changed;
12	(B) registered agent has resigned; or
13	(C) registered office has been discontinued within sixty (60)
14	days of the change, resignation, or discontinuance.
15	(4) An incorporator, a director, an officer, or an agent of the
16	foreign corporation signed a document the incorporator, director,
17	officer, or agent knew was false in any material respect with the
18	intent that the document be delivered to the secretary of state for
19	filing.
20	(5) The secretary of state receives a duly authenticated certificate
21	from the secretary of state or other official having custody of
22	corporate records in the state or country under whose law the
23	foreign corporation is incorporated stating that the foreign
24	corporation has been dissolved or disappeared as the result of a
25	merger.
26	SECTION 60. IC 23-17-26-13, AS AMENDED BY P.L.63-2014,
27	SECTION 23, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
28	JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 13. (a) If the secretary of state determines that a
29	ground exists under section 12 of this chapter for revocation of a
30	certificate of authority, the secretary of state shall, under section 10 of
31	this chapter, serve the foreign corporation with written notice of the
32	determination unless the secretary of state:
33	(1) receives a receipt showing failure of service of process upon
34	the foreign corporation's registered agent at the address of the
35	registered office; and
36	(2) determines that the secretary of state's office has no record of
37	the foreign corporation's principal office address.
38	(b) If the foreign corporation does not correct each ground for
39	revocation or demonstrate to the reasonable satisfaction of the secretary
10	of state that each ground determined by the secretary of state does not
11	exist within sixty (60) days after service of the notice is perfected under
12	section 10 of this chapter, the secretary of state may revoke the foreign



corporation's certificate of authority by signing a certificate of revocation that recites the ground for revocation and the revocation's effective date. The secretary of state shall file the original of the certificate and serve a copy on the foreign corporation under section 10 of this chapter.

- (c) The authority of a foreign corporation to transact business in Indiana ceases on the date shown on the certificate revoking the foreign corporation's certificate of authority.
- (d) The secretary of state's revocation of a foreign corporation's certificate of authority appoints the secretary of state the foreign corporation's agent for service of process in any proceeding based on a cause of action that arose during the time the foreign corporation was authorized to transact business in Indiana. Service of process on the secretary of state under this subsection is service on the foreign corporation. Upon receipt of process, the secretary of state shall mail a copy of the process to the secretary of the foreign corporation at the foreign corporation's principal office shown in the foreign corporation's most recent annual biennial report or in any subsequent communication received from the corporation stating the current mailing address of the foreign corporation's principal office, or, if a report or communication is not on file, in the foreign corporation's application for a certificate of authority.
- (e) Revocation of a foreign corporation's certificate of authority does not terminate the authority of the registered agent of the foreign corporation.

SECTION 61. IC 23-17-27-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.110-2008, SECTION 8, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 1. (a) A corporation shall keep as permanent records a record of the following:

- (1) Minutes of meetings of the corporation's members and board of directors.
- (2) A record of actions taken by the members or directors without a meeting.
- (3) A record of actions taken by committees of the board of directors as authorized under IC 23-17-15-6(d).
- (b) A corporation shall maintain appropriate accounting records.
- (c) A corporation or the corporation's agent shall maintain a record of the corporation's members in a form that permits preparation of a list of the names and addresses of all members, in alphabetical order by class, showing the number of votes each member is entitled to cast.
- (d) A corporation shall maintain the corporation's records in written form or in another form capable of conversion into written form within



1 a reasonable time.	
2 (e) A corporation shall keep a copy of the following rec	cords at the
3 corporation's principal office:	
4 (1) The corporation's articles of incorporation or resta	ted articles
5 of incorporation and all amendments to the a	articles of
6 incorporation currently in effect.	
7 (2) The corporation's bylaws or restated bylaw	s and all
8 amendments to the bylaws currently in effect.	
9 (3) Resolutions adopted by the corporation's board of	of directors
relating to the characteristics, qualifications, rights, 1	
and obligations of members or a class or category of a	
12 (4) The minutes of all meetings of members and rec	
actions approved by the members for the past three (3	
14 (5) Written communications to members generally with	
three (3) years, including the financial statements fur	_
the past three (3) years under section 6 of this chapter	
17 (6) A list of the names and business or home addre	
corporation's current directors and officers.	
19 (7) The corporation's most recent annual biennial repor	rt delivered
to the secretary of state under section 8 of this chapte	
21 (f) Except as otherwise provided in articles of incorp	
bylaws, ballots must be retained by a corporation until the ea	
23 following:	
24 (1) The date of the next annual meeting.	
25 (2) One (1) year after the date the ballot was received	1.
26 SECTION 62. IC 23-17-27-8 IS AMENDED TO I	
27 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 8. (a) Arr	
biennial report accompanied by the filing fee must be file	
secretary of state by all nonprofit domestic and foreign co	
incorporated under this article or a previous statute. How	
section does not apply to a corporation that is already requ	
32 an annual a biennial report with the secretary of state.	
33 (b) A Each domestic corporation and each foreign of	corporation
authorized to transact business in Indiana shall deliver to th	
of state an annual a biennial report on a form prescribed and	
by the secretary of state that sets forth the following:	
37 (1) The name of the corporation and the state or cou	ıntrv under
whose law the corporation it is incorporated.	, <i>y</i>
39 (2) The street address of the corporation's its registered	loffice and
40 the name of the corporation's its registered agent at the	
41 Indiana.	
42 (3) The address of the corporation's its principal office	e.



- (4) The names and business or residence addresses of the corporation's its directors, secretary, and highest executive officer.
- (c) The information in the <del>annual</del> **biennial** report must be current on the date the <del>annual</del> **biennial** report is executed on behalf of the corporation.
- (d) The first annual biennial report must be delivered to the secretary of state in the **second** year following the year in which a domestic corporation was incorporated or a foreign corporation was authorized to transact business. The report is due during the same month as the month in which the corporation was incorporated or authorized to transact business. Subsequent annual biennial reports must be delivered to the secretary of state during that same month in the following years. The secretary of state may accept annual biennial reports during the two (2) months before the month that the corporation was incorporated or authorized to transact business.
- (e) If an annual a biennial report does not contain the information required by this section, the secretary of state shall promptly notify the reporting domestic or foreign corporation in writing and return the report to the corporation for correction. If the report is corrected to contain the information required by this section and delivered to the secretary of state within thirty (30) days after the effective date of notice, the report is considered to be timely filed.
- (f) The secretary of state may mail the annual report form to an address shown for the corporation on the last annual report filed with the secretary of state. The failure of the corporation to receive the annual report form from the secretary of state does not relieve the corporation of the corporation's duty to deliver an annual report to the office as required by this section.
- (g) A domestic or foreign corporation may deliver to the secretary of state for filing an amendment to the annual report if a change in the information set forth in the annual report occurs after the report is delivered to the secretary of state's office for filing and before the next due date. This subsection applies only to a change that is not required to be made by an amendment to the articles of incorporation. The amendment to the annual report must set forth the following:
  - (1) The name of the corporation as shown on the records of the secretary of state's office.
  - (2) The information as changed.

SECTION 63. IC 23-17-29-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.40-2013, SECTION 4, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 1. (a) To be entitled to be filed by the secretary of



1	state under this article, a document must meet the following conditions
2	(1) Be filed in the office of the secretary of state.
3	(2) Contain the information required by this article.
4	(3) Be typewritten or printed.
5	(4) Be legible.
6	(5) Be in English. However, a corporate name need not be in
7	English if written in English letters or Arabic or Roman numerals
8	and the certificate of existence required of foreign corporations
9	need not be in English if accompanied by a reasonably
0	authenticated English translation.
l 1	(6) Be signed:
12	(A) by the presiding officer of the board of directors of a
13	domestic or foreign corporation, the corporation's president, o
14	by another of the corporation's officers;
15	(B) if directors have not been selected or the corporation has
16	not been formed, by an incorporator;
17	(C) if the corporation is in the hands of a receiver, trustee, or
18	other court appointed fiduciary, by the fiduciary; or
19	(D) for purposes of <del>annual or</del> biennial reports, by:
20	(i) a registered agent;
21	(ii) a certified public accountant; or
22	(iii) an attorney;
23 24	employed or retained by the business entity.
24	(7) Be signed by the person executing the document and state
25	beneath or opposite the person's signature name the capacity in
26	which the person signs. A signature on a document authorized to
27	be filed under this article may be a facsimile. A signature on a
28	document under this subdivision that is transmitted and filed
29	electronically is sufficient if the person transmitting and filing the
30	document:
31	(A) has the intent to file the document as evidenced by a
32	symbol executed or adopted by a party with present intention
33	to authenticate the filing; and
34	(B) enters the filing party's name on the electronic form in a
35	signature box or other place indicated by the secretary of state
36	(b) A document may contain the following:
37	(1) A corporate seal.
38	(2) An attestation by a secretary or an assistant secretary.
39	(3) An acknowledgement, a verification, or a proof.
10	(c) If the secretary of state has prescribed a mandatory form for a
11	document under section 2 of this chapter, the document must be in or
12.	on the prescribed form



(d) A document must be delivered to the office of the secretary of
state for filing as described in section 1.1 of this chapter and must be
accompanied by the correct filing fee. The filing fee must be paid in the
manner and form required by the secretary of state.
(e) The secretary of state may accept payment of the correct filing
fee by credit card, debit card, charge card, or similar method. However,

(e) The secretary of state may accept payment of the correct filing fee by credit card, debit card, charge card, or similar method. However, if the filing fee is paid by credit card, debit card, charge card, or similar method, the liability is not finally discharged until the secretary of state receives payment or credit from the institution responsible for making the payment or credit. The secretary of state may contract with a bank or credit card vendor for acceptance of bank or credit cards. However, if there is a vendor transaction charge or discount fee, whether billed to the secretary of state or charged directly to the secretary of state's account, the secretary of state or the credit card vendor may collect from the person using the bank or credit card a fee that may not exceed the highest transaction charge or discount fee charged to the secretary of state by the bank or credit card vendor during the most recent collection period. This fee may be collected regardless of any agreement between the bank and a credit card vendor or regardless of any internal policy of the credit card vendor that may prohibit this type of fee. The fee is a permitted additional charge under IC 24-4.5-3-202.

SECTION 64. IC 23-17-29-1.1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.63-2014, SECTION 26, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 1.1. (a) For purposes of this article, a document is delivered for filing if the document is transferred to the secretary of state by hand, mail, or a form of electronic transmission meeting the requirements established by the secretary of state.

- (b) If a document is delivered for filing by hand or mail, the document must be accompanied by:
  - (1) two (2) exact or conformed copies of a document filed under IC 23-17-6-3 or IC 23-17-26-9; or
  - (2) one (1) exact or conformed copy of any other document filed under this article.

SECTION 65. IC 23-17-29-2 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 2. (a) The secretary of state may prescribe and furnish, on request, forms for the following:

- (1) A foreign corporation's application for a certificate of authority to transact business in Indiana.
- (2) A foreign corporation's application for a certificate of withdrawal.
- (3) The annual biennial report.
- (b) If the secretary of state requires, use of the forms described in



1	subsection (a) is mandatory.	1 1.0	• 1
2	(c) The secretary of state may pres		_
3	forms for other documents required or		
4	article but the use of forms for other do		•
5	SECTION 66. IC 23-17-29-3, AS A		
6	SECTION 52, IS AMENDED TO READ		_
7	JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 3. (a) The secre		
8	following fees when the following docu		-
9	Document	Electronic	Filing Fee
10		Filing Fee	(Other than
11			electronic
12			filing)
13	(1) Articles of Incorporation	\$20	\$30
14	(2) Application for use of		
15	indistinguishable name	\$10	\$20
16	(3) Application for reserved name	e \$10	\$20
17	(4) Notice of transfer of		
18	reserved name	\$10	\$20
19	(5) Application for renewal		
20	of reservation	\$10	\$20
21	(6) Application for registered nar	<del>ne</del> \$20	<del>\$30</del>
22	(7) Application for renewal of		
23	registered name	<del>\$20</del>	<del>\$30</del>
24	(8) (6) Corporation's statement of		
25	change of registered agent		
26	or registered office or both	no fee	no fee
27	(9) (7) Agent's statement of change	of	
28	registered office for each		
29	affected corporation	no fee	no fee
30	(10) (8) Agent's statement of		
31	resignation	no fee	no fee
32	(11) (9) Amendment of articles of		
33	incorporation	\$20	\$30
34	(12) (10) Restatement of articles of		
35	incorporation with amendmen		\$30
36	(13) (11) Articles of merger	\$20	\$30
37	(14) (12) Articles of dissolution	\$20	\$30
38	(15) (13) Articles of revocation of	<b>4</b> -0	420
39	dissolution	\$20	\$30
40	(16) (14) Certificate of administrati		420
41	dissolution	no fee	no fee
42	(17) (15) Application for reinstaten		110 100
	(17) (10) rippireuron for remounding	10111	



following administrative		
dissolution	\$20	\$30
(18) (16) Certificate of		
reinstatement	no fee	no fee
(19) (17) Certificate of judicial	no fee	no fee
dissolution		
(20) (18) Application for certificate		
of authority	\$20	\$30
(21) (19) Application for amended		
certificate of authority	\$20	\$30
(22) (20) Application for certificate		
of withdrawal	\$20	\$30
(23) (21) Certificate of revocation		
of authority to transact business	no fee	no fee
(24) (22) Annual Biennial report	<del>\$5</del> \$10	<del>\$10</del> <b>\$20</b>
(25) (23) Certificate of existence	\$15	\$15
(26) (24) Any other document		
required or permitted to be		
filed by this article	\$20	\$30
	dissolution (18) (16) Certificate of reinstatement (19) (17) Certificate of judicial dissolution (20) (18) Application for certificate of authority (21) (19) Application for amended certificate of authority (22) (20) Application for certificate of withdrawal (23) (21) Certificate of revocation of authority to transact business (24) (22) Annual Biennial report (25) (23) Certificate of existence (26) (24) Any other document required or permitted to be	dissolution \$20  (18) (16) Certificate of reinstatement no fee  (19) (17) Certificate of judicial no fee dissolution  (20) (18) Application for certificate of authority \$20  (21) (19) Application for amended certificate of authority \$20  (22) (20) Application for certificate of withdrawal \$20  (23) (21) Certificate of revocation of authority to transact business no fee  (24) (22) Annual Biennial report \$5 \$10  (25) (23) Certificate of existence \$15

The secretary of state shall prescribe the electronic means of filing documents to which the electronic filing fees set forth in this section apply.

- (b) The secretary of state shall collect a fee of ten dollars (\$10) upon being served with process under this article. The party to a proceeding causing service of process may recover the fee paid the secretary of state as costs if the party prevails in the proceeding.
- (c) The secretary of state shall collect the following fees for copying and certifying the copy of any filed document relating to a domestic or foreign corporation:
  - (1) One dollar (\$1) a page for copying.
  - (2) Fifteen dollars (\$15) for the certification stamp.

The fees under this subsection do not apply to any copies or certifications that are processed on the secretary of state's Internet web site.

SECTION 67. IC 23-17-29-4 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 4. (a) Except as provided in subsection (b), a document is effective:

- (1) at the time of filing on the date the document is filed, as evidenced by the secretary of state's date and time endorsement on the original document; or
- (2) at the time specified in the document as the document's effective time on the date the document is filed.



- (b) A document may specify a delayed effective time and date, and if the document does, the document becomes effective at the time and date specified. If an effective date is delayed but no time is specified, the document is effective at 12:01 a.m. on the date filed. A delayed effective date for a document may not be later than the ninetieth day after the date filed.
- (c) A document that has been submitted to the office of the secretary of state that has a specified delayed effective time and date may be withdrawn from the record before the effective time and date. The office of the secretary of state must receive written notice before the effective time and date from the person authorized to make the filing directing that the filing be withdrawn and not take effect. If the office of the secretary of state does not receive written notice, the document will become effective at the specified time and date.

SECTION 68. IC 23-17-29-6 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 6. (a) If a document delivered to the office of the secretary of state for filing satisfies the requirements of section 1 of this chapter, the secretary of state shall file the document.

- (b) The secretary of state shall file a document by stamping or otherwise endorsing the word "FILED" on the document, together with the secretary of state's name and official title and the date and the time of receipt, on both the original and copy of the document. and on the receipt for the filing fee. After filing a document, except as provided under IC 23-17-6-3 and IC 23-17-26-9, the secretary of state shall deliver the filed document copy, with the filing fee receipt or acknowledgement of receipt if no fee is required attached, and the receipt to the domestic or foreign corporation or the corporation's representative.
- (c) Upon refusing to file a document, the secretary of state shall return the document to the domestic or foreign corporation or the corporation's representative within ten (10) days after the document was delivered, together with a brief, written explanation of the reason for the refusal.
- (d) The secretary of state's duty to file documents under this section is ministerial. Filing or refusal to file a document does not do any of the following:
  - (1) Affect the validity or invalidity of the document in whole or in part.
  - (2) Relate to the correctness or incorrectness of information contained in the document.



1	(3) Create a presumption that the document is valid or invalid or
2	that information contained in the document is correct or incorrect.
3	SECTION 69. IC 23-17-29-9 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
4	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 9. (a) A person may
5	request the secretary of state to furnish a certificate of existence for a
6	domestic or foreign corporation.
7	(b) The certificate of existence sets forth the following:
8	(1) The domestic corporation's corporate name or the foreign
9	corporation's corporate name used in Indiana.
0	(2) That:
1	(A) the domestic corporation is duly incorporated under
2	Indiana law, the date of the corporation's incorporation, and
3	the period of the corporation's duration if less than perpetual;
4	or
5	(B) the foreign corporation is authorized to transact business
6	in Indiana.
7	(3) That all fees, taxes, and penalties owed to this state have been
8	paid, if:
9	(A) payment is reflected in the records of the secretary of state;
20	and
21	(B) nonpayment affects the existence of authorization of the
22	domestic or foreign corporation.
22 23 24 25 26	(4) That the corporation's most recent annual biennial report
24	required under IC 23-17-27-8 has been delivered to the secretary
2.5	of state.
26	(5) That articles of dissolution have not been filed.
27	(6) Other facts of record in the office of the secretary of state that
28	may be requested by the applicant.
.9	(c) Subject to any qualification stated in the certificate, a certificate
0	of existence issued by the secretary of state may be relied upon as
1	conclusive evidence that the domestic or foreign corporation is in
2	existence or is authorized to transact business in Indiana.
3	SECTION 70. IC 23-18-2-8 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
4	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 8. (a) The name of each
5	limited liability company as set forth in its articles of organization:
6	(1) must contain the words "limited liability company" or either
7	of the following abbreviations:
8	(A) "L.L.C."; or
9	(B) "LLC";
0	(2) may contain the name of a member or manager; and
-1	(3) except as provided in subsection (b), must be such as to
-2	distinguish the name upon the records of the office of the



secretary of state from the name of any limited liability company

or other business entity reserved registered, or organized under

3	the laws of Indiana or qualified to transact business as a foreign
4	limited liability company in Indiana.
5	(b) A limited liability company may apply to the secretary of state
6	to use a name that is not distinguishable upon the secretary of state's
7	records from one (1) or more of the names described in subsection (a).
8	The secretary of state shall authorize the use of the name applied for if:
9	(1) the other domestic or foreign limited liability company or
10	other business entity files its written consent to the use of its
11	name; or
12	(2) the applicant delivers to the secretary of state a certified copy
13	of a final court judgment from a circuit or superior court in the
14	state of Indiana establishing the applicant's right to use the name
15	applied for in Indiana.
16	SECTION 71. IC 23-18-2-9 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
17	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 9. (a) A person may
18	reserve the exclusive right to the use of a name including a fictitious
19	name by a foreign limited liability company whose name is not
20	available, by delivering an application to the secretary of state. The
21	application must set forth the name and address of the applicant and the
22	name to be reserved. If the secretary of state finds that the name is
23	available, the secretary of state shall reserve the name for the exclusive
24	use of the applicant for renewable one hundred twenty (120) day
25	periods.
26	(b) The owner of a reserved name may transfer the reservation to
27	another person by delivering to the office of the secretary of state a
28	signed notice of the transfer that states the name and address of the
29	transferee.
30	SECTION 72. IC 23-18-2-9.5 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE JULY
31	1, 2015]. Sec. 9.5. (a) A foreign limited liability company may register
32	its name, or its name with any addition required by IC 23-18-2-8, if the
33	name is distinguishable upon the records of the secretary of state as
34	provided in section 8 of this chapter.
35	(b) A foreign limited liability company registers its name, or its
36	name with any addition required by IC 23-18-2-8, by delivering to the
37	secretary of state for filing an application setting forth:
38	(1) its name, or its name with any addition required by
39	<del>IC 23-18-2-8; and</del>
40	(2) the state or country and date of its formation.
41	(e) The name is registered for the applicant's exclusive use upon the
42	effective date of the application.



(d) A foreign limited liability company whose registration is
effective may renew the registration for successive years by delivering
to the secretary of state for filing a renewal application that complies
with subsection (b). The renewal application must be filed between
October 1 and December 31 of the preceding year. The filing of the
renewal application renews the registration for the following calenda
<del>year.</del>
(e) A foreign limited liability company whose registration is
effective may thereafter qualify as a foreign limited liability company
under that name or consent in writing to the use of that name by

- (e) A foreign limited liability company whose registration is effective may thereafter qualify as a foreign limited liability company under that name or consent in writing to the use of that name by a limited liability company thereafter organized under this article or by another foreign limited liability company thereafter authorized to transact business in Indiana. The registration terminates when the domestic limited liability company is organized or the foreign limited liability company qualifies or consents to the qualification of another foreign limited liability company under the registered name.
- SECTION 73. IC 23-18-10-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.63-2014, SECTION 34, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 1. The secretary of state may commence a proceeding under section 2 of this chapter to administratively dissolve a limited liability company if:
  - (1) the limited liability company does not deliver its biennial report to the secretary of state not more than sixty (60) days after the biennial report is due;
  - (2) the limited liability company is without a registered agent or registered office in Indiana for at least sixty (60) days;
  - (3) the limited liability company does not notify the secretary of state not more than sixty (60) days after its registered agent or registered office has been changed, its registered agent has resigned, or its registered office has been discontinued; **or**
  - (4) the period of duration stated in the limited liability company's articles of organization expires; or
  - (5) (4) the limited liability company fails to pay franchise taxes or penalties imposed by this article or another law within sixty (60) days after the date that the franchise taxes or penalties are due.

SECTION 74. IC 23-18-11-10 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 10. (a) The registered agent of a foreign limited liability company may resign the agency appointment by signing and delivering to the secretary of state for filing as described in IC 23-18-12 a statement of resignation. The statement of resignation may include a statement that the registered office is also discontinued.



	59
1	(b) After filing the statement, the secretary of state shall attach the
2	filing receipt to one (1) copy and mail the copy and receipt to the
3	registered office, if the registered office is not discontinued. The
4	secretary of state shall mail one (1) copy to the foreign limited liability
5	company at its principal office address shown on the records of the
6	secretary of state.
7	(c) The agency appointment is terminated, and the registered office
8	is discontinued if so provided, thirty-one (31) days after the statement
9	is filed.
10	SECTION 75. IC 23-18-12-1.1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.63-2014,
11	SECTION 41, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
12	JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 1.1. (a) For purposes of this article, a document
13	is delivered for filing if the document is transferred to the secretary of
14	state by hand, mail, or a form of electronic transmission meeting the
15	requirements established by the secretary of state.

- (b) If a document is delivered for filing by hand or mail, the document must be accompanied by:
  - (1) two (2) exact or conformed copies of a document filed under IC 23-18-2-12 or IC 23-18-11-10; or
  - (2) one (1) exact or conformed copy of any other document filed under this article.

SECTION 76. IC 23-18-12-3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.1-2009, SECTION 132, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 3. (a) The secretary of state shall collect the following fees when the documents described in this section are delivered for filing:

Document	Electronic	Filing Fee
	Filing Fee	(Other than
		electronic
		filing)
(1) Articles of organization	\$75	\$90
(2) Application for use of		
indistinguishable name	\$10	\$20
(3) Application for reservation		
of name	\$10	\$20
(4) Application for renewal of		
reservation	\$10	\$20
(5) Notice of transfer or cancell	ation	
of reservation	\$10	\$20
(6) Application of registered na	<del>me</del> \$20	<del>\$30</del>
(7) Application for renewal		
of registered name	<del>\$20</del>	<del>\$30</del>



1	(8) (6) Certificate of change of		
2	registered agent's business		
3	address	No Fee	No Fee
4	(9) (7) Certificate of resignation		
5	of agent	No Fee	No Fee
6	(10) (8) Articles of amendment	\$20	\$30
7	(11) (9) Restatement of articles of		
8	organization	\$20	\$30
9	(12) (10) Articles of dissolution	\$20	\$30
10	(13) (11) Application for certificate		
11	of authority	\$75	\$90
12	(14) (12) Application for amended		
13	certificate of authority	\$20	\$30
14	(15) (13) Application for certificate		
15	of withdrawal	\$20	\$30
16	(16) (14) Application for		
17	reinstatement following		
18	administrative dissolution	\$20	\$30
19	(17) (15) Articles of correction	\$20	\$30
20	(18) (16) Certificate of change of		
21	registered agent	No Fee	No Fee
22	(19) (17) Application for certificate		
23	of existence or authorization	\$15	\$15
24	(20) (18) Biennial report	\$20	\$30
25	(21) (19) Articles of merger		
26	involving a domestic limited		
27	liability company	\$75	\$90
28	$\frac{(22)}{(20)}$ Any other document		
29	required or permitted to be		
30	filed under this article	\$20	\$30
31	(23) (21) Registration of intent		
32	to sell sexually explicit materials	s,	
33	products, or services		\$250
34	The secretary of state shall prescribe th	e electronic	means of filing
35	documents to which the electronic filing	fees set for	th in this section
36	apply.		
37	(b) The fee set forth in subsection	$\frac{(a)(20)}{(a)(a)(a)}$	(18) for filing a
38	biennial report is:		
39	(1) for an electronic filing, ten dolla	ars (\$10) per	year; or
40	(2) for a filing other than an electron	ic filing, fifte	een dollars (\$15)
41	per year;		
42	to be paid biennially.		



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1	(c) The secretary of state shall collect a fee of \$10 each time process
2	is served on the secretary of state under this article. If the party to a
3	proceeding causing service of process prevails in the proceeding, that
4	party is entitled to recover this fee as costs from the nonprevailing
5	party.
6	(d) The secretary of state shall collect the following fees for copying
7	and certifying the copy of any filed documents relating to a domestic
8	or foreign limited liability company:
9	(1) One dollar (\$1) per page for copying.
10	(2) Fifteen dollars (\$15) for certification stamp.
11	The fees under this subsection do not apply to any copies or
12	certifications that are processed on the secretary of state's Internet
13	web site.

SECTION 77. IC 23-18-12-4 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 4. (a) Except as provided in subsection (b) and section 6(c) of this chapter, a document accepted for filing is effective:

- (1) at the time of filing on the date the document is filed, as evidenced by the secretary of state's date and time endorsement on the original document; or
- (2) at a time later than the date the document is filed as specified in the document as its effective time on the date it is filed.
- (b) A document may specify a delayed effective time and date, and if it does so, the document becomes effective at the time and date specified. If a delayed effective date but no time is specified, the document is effective at 12:01 a.m. on that date. A delayed effective date for a document may not be later than the ninetieth day after the date the document is filed.
- (c) A document that has been submitted to the office of the secretary of state that has a specified delayed effective time and date may be withdrawn from the record before the effective time and date. The office of the secretary of state must receive written notice before the effective time and date from the person authorized to make the filing directing that the filing be withdrawn and not take effect. If the office of the secretary of state does not receive written notice, the document will become effective at the specified time and date.

SECTION 78. IC 23-18-12-6 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 6. (a) If a document delivered to the office of the secretary of state for filing satisfies the requirements of section 1 of this chapter, the secretary of state must file the document.



(b) The secretary of state files a document by stamping or otherw	vise
endorsing "Filed" together with the secretary of state's name	and
official title and the date and time of receipt on both the original	and
the document. copy and on the receipt for the filing fee. After filing	ıg a
document, except as provided under IC 23-18-2-13	and
IC 23-18-11-10, the secretary of state shall deliver the <b>filed</b> docum	ent
copy, with the filing fee receipt attached, or acknowledgement	t <del>of</del>
receipt if no fee is required, and the receipt to the domestic or fore	eign
limited liability company or its representative.	
(c) If the secretary of state refuses to file a document, the secret	tary
of state shall return the document to the domestic or foreign limit	•

- (c) If the secretary of state refuses to file a document, the secretary of state shall return the document to the domestic or foreign limited liability company or its representative not more than ten (10) days after the document was delivered, together with a brief, written explanation of the reason for the refusal.
- (d) The secretary of state's duty to file documents under this section is ministerial. The secretary of state's filing or refusing to file a document does not:
  - (1) affect the validity or invalidity of the document in whole or in part;
  - (2) relate to the correctness or incorrectness of the information contained in the document; or
  - (3) create a presumption that the document is valid or invalid or that information contained in the document is correct or incorrect.

